(A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF OHIO)

**SCIOTO COUNTY** 

**FINANCIAL AUDIT REPORT** 

WITH SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

**AND JUNE 30, 2021** 



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Board of Trustees Shawnee State University 940 2nd Street Portsmouth, Ohio 45662

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Shawnee State University, Scioto County, prepared by Plante & Moran, PLLC, for the audit period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Shawnee State University is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

October 31, 2022



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#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Board of Trustees Shawnee State University

#### Report on the Audits of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of Shawnee State University (the "University"), a component unit of the State of Ohio, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of Shawnee State University as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 and the changes in its financial position and, where applicable, its cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audits of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the University and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the University's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audits of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that audits conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.



#### To the Board of Trustees Shawnee State University

In performing audits in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audits.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audits in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the University's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audits, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audits.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of the University's proportionate share of the net pension liability, the schedule of university pension contributions, the schedule of the University's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, and the schedule of university OPEB contributions, as indicated in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Shawnee State University's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (the "Uniform Guidance"), is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

To the Board of Trustees Shawnee State University

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 14, 2022 on our consideration of Shawnee State University's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Shawnee State University's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Shawnee State University's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

October 14, 2022

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

This unaudited section of Shawnee State University's (the "University") annual financial report presents a discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the University during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This discussion, prepared by university management, provides an overview of the University's financial activities and should be evaluated in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements and footnotes.

This annual report consists of the statements of net position, revenue, expenses, and changes in net position, and cash flows. These statements have been prepared in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Statements No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments, and No. 35, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for Public Colleges and Universities, as amended.

In addition, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units, GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity, and GASB Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 - Omnibus, Shawnee State University Development Foundation's (the "Foundation") financial statements have been included in this annual report. This information has been provided on separate financial statements and in a note to the financial statements. Shawnee State University's management's discussion and analysis reflects only information related to the University.

#### **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for 2022 are as follows:

- Total net position increased \$9,412,305. The increase is primarily due to a \$2,298,834 increase in operating federal, state, local, and private grant revenue and a \$2,059,086 increase in state capital appropriation revenue. The \$7,534,356 increase in operating expenses mainly consisted of a \$2,935,085 increase in public service expense, an increase of \$2,111,521 in auxiliary enterprise expense and a \$2,108,156 increase in student services expenses.
- Total assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources increased \$3,928,984 mainly due to the increase of \$1,975,455 in accounts receivable and an increase of \$1,527,414 in the deferred portion of the GASB Statement No. 68 pension and No. 75 OPEB expense adjustment.
- The \$15,062,439 decrease in total liabilities was primarily due to a \$14,682,358 decrease in net pension liability related to GASB Statement No. 68.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued)

- Total deferred inflows of resources increase of \$9,579,118 is primarily due to the \$11,271,556 increase in deferred pension costs and the \$1,520,395 decrease in other post-employment benefit costs related to GASB Statement No. 68 and Statement No. 75, respectively.
- Total revenue increased \$3,810,565 from 2021 to 2022 compared with an increase of \$7,004,614 from 2020 to 2021. The increase was primarily due to a \$2,298,834 increase in total operating grant revenue, an increase of \$2,059,086 in capital appropriation revenue, an increase of \$1,694,341 in student tuition and fees net of scholarship allowance discount, an increase of \$844,690 from state appropriations, and a decrease of \$2,268,307 in nonoperating grant revenue.
- Total expenses increased \$7,502,201 in 2022 due to an increase of \$7,534,356 in operating expenses. The 2022 increase in operating expenses consisted of a \$2,935,085 increase in public service expenses, a \$2,108,156 increase in student service expenses, a \$2,111,521 increase in auxiliary enterprise expenses, and a \$2,513,215 decrease in instruction and departmental research expenditures.
- Operating revenue increased by \$4,684,106 primarily due to a \$2,298,834 increase in operating grant revenue (revenue for projects which result in an "exchange" like a product, report or some form of an outcome).
- Nonoperating revenue decreased \$2,932,627 as a result of a \$2,268,307 decrease in nonoperating grant revenue (grants that are not exchange transactions, such as Federal Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund (HEERF) and Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF) grant and scholarship grants like Pell, Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant (SEOG), Ohio College Opportunity Grants (OCOG) and a \$1,413,775 decrease in investment income.

#### **Using this Financial Report**

This annual report consists of two parts: (1) management's discussion and analysis and the basic financial statements for Shawnee State University, and (2) the basic financial statements for Shawnee State University Development Foundation. The basic financial statements for Shawnee State University include the statements of net position, revenue, expenses, and changes in net position, and cash flows. The basic financial statements for Shawnee State University Development Foundation include the statement of net assets and the statement of activities.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued)

# Statement of Net Position and Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

The statement of net position and statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in net position present information about the University and its activities in a way that helps answer the question, "How did Shawnee State University do financially during 2022?" The statement of net position includes all short-term and long-term assets and liabilities, both financial and capital and deferred outflows or inflows of resources. The accrual basis of accounting is used for the recording of revenue and expenses. This basis of accounting records revenue when earned and expenses when incurred, regardless of when the cash is actually received or paid. Over time, increases or decreases in net position are one indicator of the improvement or deterioration of the University's financial health. Nonfinancial factors such as student retention rate, enrollment growth, and condition of facilities must also be considered.

#### **Statement of Net Position**

The statement of net position, which reports all assets and liabilities of the University, reflects the financial position of the University at the end of the fiscal year. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources minus total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources equal net position. The University's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position as of June 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020 are presented below:

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued)

		2022	2021, As Restated		 2020
Assets					
Current assets	\$	13,910,514	\$	12,703,603	\$ 7,246,264
Capital assets - Net		83,625,808		82,497,076	85,161,019
Other noncurrent assets		12,117,337		12,051,410	 10,101,443
Total assets		109,653,659		107,252,089	102,508,726
Deferred Outflows of Resources		6,820,307		5,292,893	7,160,207
Liabilities					
Current liabilities		7,480,658		6,815,953	7,426,205
Noncurrent liabilities		35,122,323		50,849,467	 62,361,128
Total liabilities		42,602,981		57,665,420	69,787,333
Deferred Inflows of Resources		23,049,259		13,470,141	 11,576,120
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets		65,378,140		63,094,859	66,271,979
Restricted, expendable		243,986		248,621	249,246
Unrestricted		(14,800,400)		(21,934,059)	 (38,215,745)
Total net position	<u>\$</u>	50,821,726	\$	41,409,421	\$ 28,305,480

Total assets of the University increased \$2,041,570 in 2022 and increased \$4,743,363 in 2021. Current assets increased \$1,206,911 in 2022 following a \$5,457,339 increase in 2021. An increase of \$1,975,455 in accounts receivables and a \$960,277 decrease in cash and cash equivalents were the largest components of the 2022 increase in current assets. The large increase in 2021 was the result of a \$2,151,419 adjustment to 2021 HEERF expenditures that have not been reimbursed by June 30, 2021. Noncurrent assets (excluding capital assets) increased \$65,927 in 2022 and increased \$1,946,967 in 2021. The 2022 increase and the 2021 increase are due to GASB 75 adjustments to the net OPEB asset of \$1,026,666 and \$1,124,280, respectively.

The increased number of capital construction projects initiated in 2022 resulted in an increase of \$1,128,732 in net capital assets for 2022. The decreased expenditures for capital construction projects initiated in 2021 were below the 2021 depreciation expense amount which resulted in a decrease of \$2,663,943 in net capital assets for 2021.

The \$15,062,439 decrease in 2022 and the \$12,121,913 decrease in 2021 to total liabilities was primarily due to a \$14,682,358 decrease in 2022 and a \$2,178,563 decrease in 2021 to the net pension liability in addition to a \$8,745,723 decrease

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued)

in 2021 to the net OPEB liability. These liabilities decreases were to recognize the reduction of the University's proportionate share of the net pension liability as determined by the two pension plans associated with the University and the reclassification of the net OPEB liability to a net OPEB asset, the State Teachers Retirement System and Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, as required by GASB Statement No. 68 and GASB Statement No. 75. See Note 13 to the financial statements for further details. The remainder of the decrease in 2022 and 2021 total liabilities was attributable to a \$1,010,323 and \$982,617 reduction in long term debt, respectively.

#### Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

The statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in net position presents the results of operations for the University. The change in net position during the fiscal year is a measurement of the change in the overall financial condition of the University. The University's revenue, expenses, and changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020 are as follows:

## Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued)

	 2022	2021, As Restated	2020
Operating revenue:	 _		
Tuition, fees, and other			
student charges	\$ 19,713,441	\$ 18,019,100	\$ 19,082,443
Grants and contracts	6,336,795	4,037,961	4,448,998
Sales and services	1,525,595	1,076,413	1,654,788
Miscellaneous income	983,684	741,935	387,630
Nonoperating revenue:			
Other grants	20,346,377	22,614,684	12,769,671
Investment (loss) income Gain on disposal of capital	(801,563)	612,212	323,292
assets	-	95,235	-
State appropriations	18,449,269	17,604,579	17,040,109
Capital appropriations	 2,511,324	452,238	2,542,812
Total revenue	69,064,922	65,254,357	58,249,743
Operating expenses:			
Instruction and research	14,026,555	16,539,770	17,356,628
Public service	6,200,165	3,265,080	3,323,789
Academic support	1,718,214	1,368,340	2,633,021
Student services	8,575,462	6,467,306	4,956,280
Institutional support	8,893,115	8,422,387	10,989,883
Operation and maintenance of plant	3,514,998	2,413,010	4,024,285
Scholarships and fellowships	6,327,757	5,063,845	5,315,602
Depreciation and amortization expense	3,284,164	3,577,857	4,040,030
Auxiliary enterprises	6,539,164	4,427,643	5,990,591
Nonoperating expense:			
Interest on capital debt	 573,023	605,178	606,535
Total expenses	 59,652,617	52,150,416	59,236,644
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$ 9,412,305	\$ 13,103,941	\$ (986,901)

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued)

Shawnee State University is dedicated to its mission of providing higher education that fosters competence in oral and written communication, scientific and quantitative reasoning, and critical analysis/logical thinking. To enrich the lives of the community, the University provides opportunities for continuing personal and professional development, intellectual discovery, and appreciation for the creative and performing arts. The University charges students' tuition and fees in accordance with approved university policy, as constrained by state laws. Beginning with the Fall 2018 term, the University implemented a new tuition guarantee program for all new first-time freshmen students. The Shawnee Advantage tuition plan guarantees students a flat tuition rate for up to five years while attending the University. Each new fiscal year, the tuition rate is adjusted for that year's incoming freshman class. The fall 2021 incoming freshman class tuition and fee rate was \$4,465. Based on state regulations or University policy, rates charged for continuing in-state and all out-of-state student tuition and fees increased 2.0 percent during 2022. There was no change to the tuition and fee rate charged to graduate students during 2022.

The University's 2022 revenue from student tuition and fees has increased to \$19,713,441 from \$18,019,100 in 2021 following a decrease from \$19,082,443 in 2020 due to corresponding enrollment level and tuition rate changes over these years. Tuition and fees represent 28.5 percent of the University's total revenue in 2022, 27.6 percent in 2021 and 32.8 percent in 2020. The University's 2022 operating grants and contracts revenue increased 56.9 percent to \$6,336,795 from \$4,037,961 in 2021 following a decrease of 9.2 percent from \$4,448,998 in 2020 due to the level of new federal and state operating grants, specifically the federal EDA Kricker Innovation Hub project. The University continues initiatives to identify and obtain new grant funding as shown by the 2022 increase.

Operating expenses increased \$7,534,356 in 2022 due to expenditures related to addressing increased prices related to COVID 19 challenges and costs related to the return of on campus instruction and operations. In 2022 public service expenditures increased \$2,935,085, student services expenditures increased \$2,108,156 and auxiliary enterprises expenditures increased \$2,111,521 related to these factors. The University utilized the available HEERF Institutional award funding to assist with the increased costs where allowable. Operating expenses in 2021 decreased \$7,084,871 primarily as a result of the \$395,004 GASB 68 and 75 reduction of 2020 pension expense being \$8,059,801 less than the 2021 \$8,454,805 GASB 68 and 75 decrease of pension expense. In addition to this \$8,059,801 decrease of pension and OPEB related operating expense. Scholarship and fellowship expense increased \$1,293,912 in 2022 following a decrease in 2021 of \$251,757 due to corresponding changes in enrollment for those years. The 2021 decrease in operating expenses is partially a \$2,567,496 decrease in institutional support, a decrease of \$1,611,275 in operation and maintenance of plant expenses and a \$1,264,681 decrease in academic support.

State appropriations represent 26.7 percent of the University's total revenue in 2022, 26.9 percent in 2021, and 29.3 percent in 2020. These percentages illustrate that tuition and fee revenue is not sufficient to cover operational expenses. The University has

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued)

considerable dependency upon a predictable and relatively stable level of state appropriation funding.

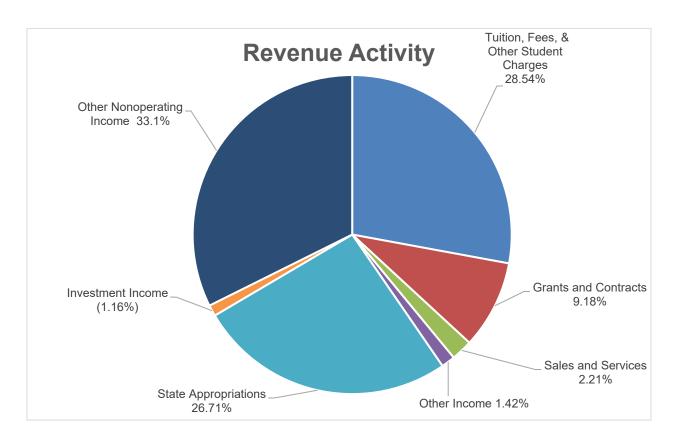
During 2022, investment income/(loss) amounted to (\$801,563) as compared to \$612,212 during 2021 and \$323,292 during 2020. This decrease in investment income is the result of the impact of the general market decrease for all investment segments and rising interest rates during 2022.

Pell Grants, HEERF grants, and certain other grants are considered nonexchange transactions and are reflected as nonoperating revenue. The \$17,025,774 federal grants portion of nonoperating other grants and contract revenue experienced a 7.7 percent decrease in 2022 after experiencing a 110.2 percent increase from \$8,774,374 in 2020 to \$18,440,500 in 2021. The 2022 decrease and the 2021 increase is primarily due to the one-time receipt of CRF programs awarded in 2021. In 2021 the University recorded revenue of \$2,765,467 in Coronavirus Relief Funds. Income from federal aid programs such as Pell, SEOG, and Veteran's Benefits amounted to \$6.9 million (excluding Covid-19 funding) in 2022 as compared with \$6.5 million in 2021 and \$7.8 million in 2020. Nonoperating grants revenue represents 29.4 percent of the University's total revenue in 2022, down from 34.7 percent in 2021, and up from 21.9 percent in 2020.

The capital appropriations revenue increase to \$2,511,324 in 2022 from \$452,238 in 2021 reflects the increased state capital funding received to initiate new capital projects during 2022. These projects include the Library HVAC renovation, University parking lot renovation and the Kricker Innovation Hub renovation projects. Capital appropriations decreased to \$452,238 from \$2,542,812 in 2020 as work on several state capital projects finished in 2021.

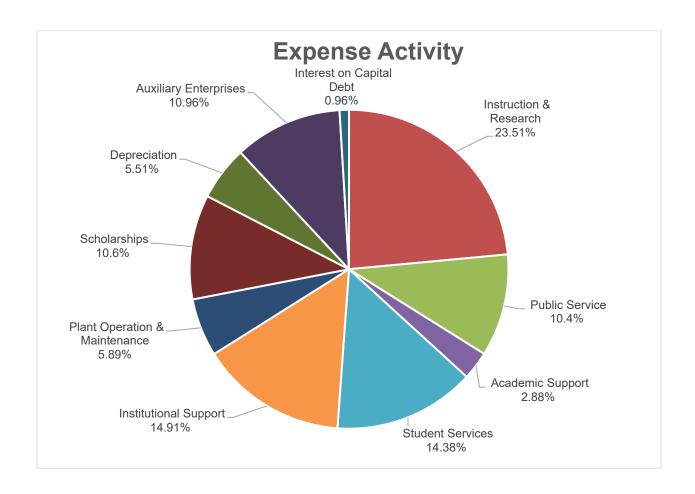
#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued)

The following graph illustrates Shawnee State University's revenue activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.



#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued)

The following graph illustrates Shawnee State University's expense activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.



#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued)

#### **Statement of Cash Flows**

The statement of cash flows provides information about the University's financial condition by reporting the cash sources (receipts) and the cash uses (payments) during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. A comparison of cash sources and uses during fiscal years 2022, 2021, and 2020 is presented below:

	 2022	2021	2020	
Cash (Used in) Provided By				
Operating activities	\$ (35,420,444)	\$ (33,716,829)	\$ (29,410,544)	
Noncapital financing activities	37,992,792	36,050,717	29,220,749	
Capital and related financing activities	(3,577,880)	(2,096,492)	(4,846,725)	
Investment activities	 45,255	774,136	4,544,059	
Net (decrease) increase in cash and				
cash equivalents	(960,277)	1,011,532	(492,461)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents				
Beginning of the year	 2,455,226	1,443,694	1,936,155	
End of the year	\$ 1,494,949	\$ 2,455,226	\$ 1,443,694	

The \$960,277 decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents in 2022 reflects the reduction in COVID-19 related grant funding from 2021 in addition to the increase in expenditures due to rising goods and services prices, utility costs, and expenditures due to the transition to on campus activities. Cash and cash equivalents increased by \$1,011,532 in 2021 as a result of increased cash inflows during the year attributable to funding received from COVID-19 grants as well as decreased use of funds due to the interruption of business operations from COVID-19 restrictions. The University also received \$1.0 million in funding from federal HEERF and CRF grant awards in 2021 to reimburse for COVID-19 expenditures incurred in 2020, which helped to increase the cash balance. The University continued to follow a combination of institution-wide spending constraint strategies during the year to reduce future cash needs.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

At the end of fiscal year 2022, the University held \$83,625,808 in net capital assets. This reflects an increase of \$1,128,732 in net capital assets from 2021. The increase was due to the increased number of construction projects initiated or completed during 2022. The construction projects funded by state capital appropriations or federal operating grants include such projects as the Library HVAC renovation, University parking lot renovation and the Kricker Innovation Hub renovation project.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued)

Capital assets - Net of depreciation at June 30:

	 2022		2021	2020		
Land	\$ 8,003,370	\$	8,003,370	\$	8,003,370	
Land improvements	8,471,607		6,928,631		6,928,631	
Buildings and improvements	62,273,378		65,054,745		65,665,586	
Equipment	2,210,234		1,775,017		1,873,225	
Library books	91,166		111,282		151,461	
Construction in progress	 2,576,053		624,031		2,538,746	
Totals	\$ 83,625,808	\$	82,497,076	\$	85,161,019	

#### **Debt Administration**

In fiscal year 2017, the University issued \$20,845,000 of General Receipts Bonds, Bond Series 2016. The net proceeds of the Series 2016 bonds were designated for various purposes. Bond proceeds of about \$7,200,000 were allocated to pay for the costs of various improvements to the University's campus. Those improvements include the renovation and rehabilitation of existing facilities for athletics and student recreation, health and fitness, student housing renovations, and other campus improvements. Secondly, the funds were utilized to advance refund all of the University's outstanding General Receipts Bonds, Series 2007. The Series 2007 Bonds were issued on June 5, 2007 for the purpose of paying the costs to renovate and construct a new addition to its University Center and for refunding of prior bond issues. Lastly, the remaining Series 2016 bond proceeds were used to pay costs of issuance of the bonds.

The University recorded an increase of \$629,934 in capital lease payable debt as a result of implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases* in 2021. The decrease of \$68,704 to capital lease payable balance in 2022 was due to the scheduled lease payment.

#### Outstanding debt at year end:

	 		2021	2020		
Unamortized bond premium	\$ 477,939	\$	515,555	\$	550,595	
General revenue bonds payable - 2% to 4%	 17,060,000		18,005,000		18,920,000	
Total long-term debt	\$ 17,537,939	\$	18,520,555	\$	19,470,595	

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued)

#### **Current Financial Issues and Concerns**

Shawnee State University's operations continued to be impacted by the pandemic during 2022. The uncertainties and disruptions of the pandemic directly impacted the size of the incoming fall 2021 class, the smaller fall 2020 cohort resulted in fewer second-year students, and other returning students enrolled at rates below historical trend. While non-academic operations were limited during much of the year, most began to normalize during the fourth quarter. With many Covid-19 protocols lifting, the rebound in revenue from ticket sales and facilities rentals exceeded expectations.

#### Enrollment, Tuition and Fees

Shawnee State saw a decrease of nearly 12% in new degree-seeking undergraduates for the fall 2021 semester. New graduate enrollments were also off significantly, down 37% from the prior year. Continuing undergraduate enrollment, which held stable during the first year of the pandemic, was impacted noticeably by the previous year's smaller entering class and lower retention rates, decreasing by 11%. Graduate students persisted at a higher rate than undergraduates, showing an 11% increase over fall 2020.

While enrollment continued to be challenged in 2022, there are positive indicators of a rebound for future entering classes. In-person recruitment activities resumed, and enrollments increased in the college credit plus program. This is another key enrollment revenue stream and a proven pipeline for future undergraduates.

#### State Funding

Shawnee State University relies on support from the State of Ohio to meet its educational mission and serve disadvantaged students in the region. The University's state subsidy has two components: State Share of Instruction (SSI), which is allocated to public institutions through a performance-based funding formula; and a line item appropriation, the Shawnee State Supplement, which enables the University to maintain lower undergraduate tuition and fund scholarships that increase access for Appalachian Ohioans and other historically underrepresented groups. Total state support increased by 4.8% (\$844,690) from 2021 to 2022, 3.3% (\$564,470) from 2020 to 2021 and 8.4% (\$1,326,199) from 2019 to 2020. The State of Ohio continues to support the University's mission with substantial increases to the Shawnee State Supplement in the current biennial budget bill.

#### Higher Education Emergency Relief Funds

Shawnee State's positive fiscal year 2022 financial performance is due in large part to the Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund (HEERF) for student and institutional needs. HEERF funded student financial aid awards of over \$4.8 million in 2022, for a total of nearly \$8.4 million awarded since March 2020, to help students impacted by Covid-19 continue to make academic progress. The 2022 institutional HEERF awards were used

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued)

to reimburse Covid-19 related expenditures incurred by the University, upgrade technology infrastructure to support modified operations, and replace a portion of the significant revenue loss caused by Covid-19. These positive adjustments helped to mitigate the severe impact of the pandemic on enrollment, staffing, and operations. With these temporary revenue streams coming to an end, the University continues to adjust operations in response to the smaller student cohorts that entered during the pandemic period.

#### Expenses

Expenses increased in 2022 due to several factors. Instruction and research expenditures decreased as a result of lower enrollments and reduced spending on services and supplies related directly to Covid-19. However, as students, faculty, and staff returned fully to campus, and on-site activities and events resumed, academic support, student services, and institutional support expenditures increased accordingly. Notably, expenses associated with the operation and maintenance of plant increased significantly because of capital improvements, expanded building utilization, and escalating energy costs. Scholarship expense was impacted by a reduction to scholarship allowance associated with reduced student borrowing as a result of HEERF student financial aid awards. Auxiliary enterprise activity returned to pre-pandemic levels and public service expenses were impacted by increased federal grant activity, including over \$2 million from the EDA grant to support the Kricker Innovation Hub project.

# Statement of Net Position University

	Year Ended June 30			
		2022		2021, As Restated
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,494,949	\$	2,455,226
Receivables:				
Accounts - Net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1,670,381				
in 2022 and \$1,787,940 in 2021		11,776,220		9,800,765
Notes receivable		155,385		123,686
Interest receivable		14,421		10,314
Inventory		20,329		7,258
Prepaid items		449,210		306,354
Total current assets		13,910,514		12,703,603
Noncurrent Assets				
Investments		7,905,850		8,790,608
Net OPEB asset		3,666,946		2,640,280
Lease right of use asset		544,541		620,522
Capital assets - Net	_	83,625,808		82,497,076
Total noncurrent assets		95,743,145		94,548,486
Total assets		109,653,659		107,252,089
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Pension costs		6,634,418		4,603,228
OPEB costs		185,889		689,665
Total deferred outflows of resources		6,820,307		5,292,893
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	116,473,966	\$	112,544,982

## Statement of Net Position (Continued) University

	Year Ended June 30			une 30
		2022		2021, As Restated
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position				Nestated
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	1,821,243	\$	1,394,958
Accrued wages and benefits	Ψ.	2,552,918	Ψ.	2,406,329
Compensated absences payable		184,714		180,909
Long-term debt		1,010,323		982,616
Accrued interest payable		49,569		51,856
Unearned revenue		1,759,657		1,709,247
Deposits held by and due to others		102,234		90,038
Total current liabilities		7,480,658		6,815,953
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Compensated absences payable		1,662,423		1,628,183
Net pension liability		16,371,054		31,053,412
Lease liability		561,230		629,934
Long-term debt		16,527,616		17,537,938
Total noncurrent liabilities	_	35,122,323		50,849,467
Total liabilities		42,602,981		57,665,420
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Service concession agreements		347,597		487,607
Pension costs		18,052,298		6,780,742
OPEB costs		4,264,963		5,785,358
Bond refunding		384,401		416,434
Total deferred inflows of resources		23,049,259		13,470,141
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets		65,378,140		63,094,859
Restricted:				
Expendable				
Loans		212,907		212,907
Other		31,079		35,714
		•		•
Unrestricted		(14,800,400)		(21,934,059)
Total net position	_	50,821,726	_	41,409,421
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position	\$	116,473,966	\$	112,544,982

#### Statement of Net Assets Development Foundation

		June 30		
		2022		2021
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,461,089	\$	1,815,421
Investments	*	18,372,375	•	21,468,253
Contributions receivable - Net		390,831		239,428
Lease receivable from related party		15,499		17,668
Grant receivable		196,147		177,236
Other receivable		-		29,546
Beneficial interest in trusts held by others		789,640		953,289
Cash surrender value of life insurance		242,334		277,461
Other assets		66,782		68,718
Net property and equipment		11,767,586		9,762,212
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	33,302,283	\$	34,809,232
Liabilities and Net Assets				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	7,656	\$	5,037
Accrued real estate tax		35,114		6,622
Grant payable		196,147		177,236
Other payable		500		500
Deposits held and due to others		4,101		3,633
Annuity payment liability		390,977		403,918
Note payable		3,145,291		3,339,113
Total liabilities		3,779,786		3,936,059
Net Assets				
Without donor restrictions		7,966,837		8,394,783
With donor restrictions		21,555,660		22,478,390
Total net assets		29,522,497		30,873,173
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	33,302,283	\$	34,809,232

# Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position University

	Year Ended June 30			
		2022	2021, As Restated	
Operating Revenue				
Student tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowances of				
\$7,870,320 in 2022 and \$11,157,356 in 2021)	\$	19,713,441	\$ 18,019,100	
Federal grants and contracts		4,835,170	2,819,382	
State grants and contracts		856,564	614,697	
Local grants and contracts		510,875	492,826	
Private gifts, grants, and contracts		134,186	111,056	
Sales and services		1,525,595	1,076,413	
Miscellaneous		983,684	741,935	
Total operating revenue		28,559,515	23,875,409	
Operating Expenses				
Education and general:				
Instruction and departmental research		14,026,555	16,539,770	
Public service		6,200,165	3,265,080	
Academic support		1,718,214	1,368,340	
Student services		8,575,462	6,467,306	
Institutional support		8,893,115	8,422,387	
Operation and maintenance of plant		3,514,998	2,413,010	
Scholarships and fellowships		6,327,757	5,063,845	
Depreciation and amortization expense		3,284,164	3,577,857	
Auxiliary enterprises		6,539,164	4,427,643	
Total operating expenses		59,079,594	51,545,238	
Operating Loss		(30,520,079)	(27,669,829)	
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)				
State appropriations		18,449,269	17,604,579	
Federal, state, and local grants and contracts		20,136,898	21,405,896	
Private grants and contracts		209,479	1,208,788	
Investment (loss) income		(801,563)	612,212	
Gain on disposal of capital assets		-	95,235	
Interest on capital asset-related debt		(573,023)	(605,178)	
Net nonoperating revenue		37,421,060	40,321,532	
Change in Net Position Before Capital Appropriations		6,900,981	12,651,703	
Other Revenue - Capital appropriations		2,511,324	452,238	
Increase in Net Position		9,412,305	13,103,941	
Net Position - Beginning of year		41,409,421	28,305,480	
Net Position - End of year	\$	50,821,726	\$ 41,409,421	

#### Statement of Activities Development Foundation Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Without Donor	٧	Vith Donor	
		Restrictions	R	estrictions	Total
Revenue and Other Support		_			
Contributions	\$	113,890	\$	842,780	\$ 956,670
Contribution of nonfinancial assets		543		27,024	27,567
Investment income - Net		(349,668)		(2,718,722)	(3,068,390)
Change in value of split-interest agreements		-		(150,708)	(150,708)
Federal grant revenue		-		2,616,754	2,616,754
Other income		439		560	999
Rental income		407,381		-	407,381
Net assets released from restrictions	_	1,540,418		(1,540,418)	 -
Total revenue and other support		1,713,003		(922,730)	790,273
Expenses					
Program services:					
Scholarships and other student aid		379,155		-	379,155
Institutional support		1,026,350			1,026,350
Total program services		1,405,505		-	1,405,505
Management and general expenses		159,693		-	159,693
Rental activities		489,304		-	489,304
Fundraising		86,447		-	 86,447
Total expenses		2,140,949			 2,140,949
Change in Net Assets		(427,946)		(922,730)	(1,350,676)
Net Assets - Beginning of year		8,394,783		22,478,390	 30,873,173
Net Assets - End of year	\$	7,966,837	\$	21,555,660	\$ 29,522,497

# Statement of Activities (Continued) Development Foundation Year Ended June 30, 2021

	 hout Donor	With Donor Restrictions	Total
Revenue and Other Support			
Contributions	\$ 114,280	\$ 604,415	\$ 718,695
Contribution of nonfinancial assets	2,751	1,905	4,656
Investment income - Net	511,067	4,166,493	4,677,560
Change in value of split-interest agreements	-	192,986	192,986
Federal grant revenue	-	598,808	598,808
Other income	1,075	31,024	32,099
Rental income	359,090	-	359,090
Net assets released from restrictions	 1,366,806	 (1,366,806)	
Total revenue and other support	2,355,069	4,228,825	6,583,894
Expenses			
Program services:			
Scholarships and other student aid	492,916	-	492,916
Institutional support	545,383		545,383
Total program services	1,038,299	-	1,038,299
Management and general expenses	156,222	-	156,222
Rental activities	469,563	-	469,563
Fundraising	 95,599	 	95,599
Total expenses	 1,759,683	 	 1,759,683
Change in Net Assets	595,386	4,228,825	4,824,211
Net Assets - Beginning of year	 7,799,397	 18,249,565	26,048,962
Net Assets - End of year	\$ 8,394,783	\$ 22,478,390	\$ 30,873,173

# Statement of Cash Flows University

	Year Ended June 30			
		2022	2021,	, As Restated
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Cash received from tuition, fees, and other student charges	\$	19,296,668	\$	18,321,007
Cash received from federal direct student loan receipts		10,956,162		13,299,030
Cash received from gifts, grants, and contracts		5,907,055		2,798,155
Cash received from sales and services		1,503,949		1,089,618
Cash received from miscellaneous services		843,674		741,935
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(23,557,468)		(17,173,373)
Cash payments to employees for services		(24,415,953)		(23,536,445)
Cash payments for employee benefits		(8,595,320)		(10,595,922)
Cash payments for scholarships and fellowships		(6,328,033)		(5,063,845)
Cash payments for federal direct student loan disbursements		(11,031,178)		(13,596,989)
Net cash used in operating activities		(35,420,444)		(33,716,829)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities				
State appropriations		18,449,269		17,604,579
Nonexchange gifts, grants, and contracts		19,536,464		18,483,672
Net deposits held by and due to others transactions		7,059		(37,534)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		37,992,792		36,050,717
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities				
Capital appropriations		2,463,055		444,440
Payments for capital acquisitions		(4,386,046)		(890,885)
Principal payments on debts and leases		(1,013,705)		(981,571)
Interest payments on debts and leases		(641,184)		(668,476)
Net cash used in capital and related				
financing activities		(3,577,880)		(2,096,492)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Interest on investments		293,742		615,654
Proceeds for sales and maturities of investments		3,943,501		7,743,321
Proceeds for sales of restricted investments		-		35,507
Purchases of securities		(4,191,988)		(7,620,346)
Net cash provided by investing activities		45,255		774,136
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(960,277)		1,011,532
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of year		2,455,226		1,443,694
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of year	\$	1,494,949	\$	2,455,226

# Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) University

	Year Ended June 30		
		2022	2021, As Restated
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash from			
Operating Activities			
Operating loss	\$	(30,520,079)	\$ (27,669,829)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash from			
operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization expense		3,284,164	3,577,857
Changes in operating assets and liabilities and deferred			
outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources			
which provided (used) cash:			
Accounts receivable		(851,960)	(410,497)
Direct loans receivable		(75,016)	(297,959)
Notes receivable		(31,699)	(39,671)
Prepaid items		(146,632)	453,837
Inventory		(13,071)	12,759
Accounts payable		374,378	547,112
Accrued wages and benefits		146,589	(700,339)
Compensated absences payable		38,045	(260,769)
Unearned revenue		(139,886)	(474,525)
Net OPEB asset		(1,026,666)	(1,124,280)
Net pension liability		(14,682,358)	(2,178,563)
Net OPEB liability		-	(8,745,723)
Deferred outflows of resources - Net pension expense		(2,031,190)	1,003,389
Deferred outflows of resources - Net OPEB pension expense		503,776	863,925
Deferred inflows of resources - Net pension expense		11,271,556	(359,328)
Deferred inflows of resources - Net OPEB expense	-	(1,520,395)	2,085,775
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(35,420,444)	<u>\$ (33,716,829)</u>

#### **Note 1 - Reporting Entity**

Shawnee State University (the "University") is a state institution of higher education created in 1986 by the Ohio General Assembly under House Bill 739. The University is one of several state-supported universities in the state of Ohio (the "State"). The University is a component unit of the State and is included as a discretely presented component unit in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. It is declared by statute to be a body politic and corporate and an instrumentality of the State. The University is governed by a nine-member board of trustees, which is granted authority under Ohio law to do all things necessary for the proper maintenance and continual successful operation of the University. The trustees are appointed for staggered nine-year terms by the governor with the advice and consent of the State Senate. In addition, two nonvoting student members are appointed to the board of trustees for staggered two-year terms.

GASB Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units, GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity, and GASB Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 - Omnibus, provide guidance to determine whether certain organizations for which the primary government is not financially accountable should be reported as component units based on the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government. Generally, it requires reporting as a component unit an organization that raises and holds significant economic resources for the direct benefit of a government unit.

Shawnee State University Development Foundation (the "Foundation") is a legally separate, tax-exempt organization supporting the University. The Foundation acts primarily as a fundraising organization to supplement the resources that are available to the University in support of its programs. The Foundation's board of trustees is self-perpetuating and consists of graduates and friends of the University. Although the University does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Foundation, the majority of the resources the Foundation holds and invests are restricted by the donors to the activities of the University. Because these restricted resources held by the Foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the University, the Foundation is considered a component unit of the University and is discretely presented in the University's financial statements. The Foundation's financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Financial Accounting Standards Board. A separate financial report for the Foundation is available by contacting The Shawnee State University

#### **Note 1 - Reporting Entity (Continued)**

Development Foundation, 940 Second Street, Portsmouth, Ohio, 45662 or by calling 740-351-3284.

The financial statements of the University have been prepared on the accrual basis and are in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant Shawnee State University accounting policies are described below.

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation - In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments, and GASB Statement No. 35, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for Public Colleges and Universities, and subsequent standards issued by the GASB, the accompanying financial statements have been prepared using the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the US. The University has elected to report as an entity engaged in business-type activities.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted funds are available, it is the University's policy to apply restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

The financial statements presentation is intended to provide a comprehensive, entity-wide perspective of the University's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position, revenue, expenses, changes in net position, and cash flows.

**Basis of Accounting** - The basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Shawnee State University's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

Operating revenue is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. Non-operating revenues are derived from more passive efforts related to the acquisition of the revenue rather than the earning of it. Expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

**Cash and Cash Equivalents** - Cash consists primarily of petty cash and cash in bank accounts. Cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments readily convertible to cash with original maturities of three months or less.

#### **Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

**Accounts Receivable** - Accounts receivable consist of tuition and fee charges to students and auxiliary enterprise services provided to students, staff, the majority of each residing in the state of Ohio. Accounts receivable also include amounts due from the federal government, state and local governments, or private sources, in connection with reimbursement of allowable expenditures made pursuant to the University's grants and contracts. Accounts receivable are recorded net of estimated uncollectible amounts.

**Prepaid Items** - Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the year end are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense is reported in the year in which the services are consumed.

**Investments** - Investments, which include investment contracts and money market investments that have a remaining maturity of one year or less at the time of purchase, are reported at fair value. The University has an investment management agreement with TIAA, as permitted by state statute. The agreement allows (within statute limits) investment in both debt and equity instruments. All investments are carried at fair value.

The University has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 79, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants, which establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for qualifying external investment pools that elect to measure for financial reporting purposes all of their investments at amortized cost. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price at which the investment could be sold on June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

**Capital Assets** - Capital assets utilized by Shawnee State University are reported on the statement of net position. All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. Shawnee State University maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 for movable equipment and \$100,000 for buildings. Building improvement

#### **Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

projects over \$100,000 are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or significantly extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets except for land, land improvements, and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Machinery and equipment	5-20 years
Licensed vehicles	5-10 years
Library books	10 years

With the implementation of GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019, Shawnee State University's policy is to not capitalize net interest on construction projects until completion of the project. The amount of the capitalized interest is the difference between the interest cost associated with the tax-exempt borrowing used to finance the project and the interest earned from temporary investments of the debt proceeds over the same period. The University's financial statements were not impacted by the implementation of GASB Statement No. 89.

Leased assets are amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset. The amortized leased asset is reported as an outflow of resources which is combined with depreciation expense related to other capital assets for financial reporting purposes.

Compensated Absences - Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's right to receive compensation is attributable to service already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employee for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability will include employees currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those Shawnee State University had identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and the employee's wage rate at year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in Shawnee State University's termination policy.

**Unearned Revenue** - Unearned revenue is predominantly made up of two categories of income. The first consists of receipts relating to tuition and student fees in advance of the services to be provided. The University will recognize revenue to the extent these services are provided over the coming fiscal year.

#### **Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

The remaining source of unearned revenue consists of grant funding received from the grantor prior to occurrence of allowable grant expenses. Revenue will be recognized as expenses are incurred.

Pensions – For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense. Information about the fiduciary net position of the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) and State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio Pension Plan (STRS) and additions to/deductions from STRS' and OPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by STRS and OPERS. STRS and OPERS uses the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Contribution revenue is recorded as contributions are due, pursuant to legal requirements. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized as expense when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Postemployment Benefit Costs - For purposes of measuring the net other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) and State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) Pension Plan and additions to/deductions from STRS'/OPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by STRS/OPERS. STRS/OPERS uses the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, STRS/OPERS recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

**Deferred Outflows of Resources** - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government reports deferred outflows of resources for certain pension-related and OPEB-related amounts, such as change in expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, and certain contributions made to the plan subsequent to the measurement date. More detailed information can be found in Note 13.

**Deferred Inflows of Resources** - In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents

# **Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government reports deferred inflows of resources for certain pension-related and OPEB-related amounts, such as the difference between projected and actual earnings of the plan's investments. More detailed information can be found in Note 13. Defeasance of bond and service concession agreement amounts are included as deferred inflow of resources since they are recognized in a future period.

**Net Position** - GASB Statement No. 35 establishes standards for external financial reporting for public colleges and universities and requires that resources be classified for accounting and reporting purposes into the following net position categories:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and lease assets reduced by the outstanding balances of debt, including lease liability and deferred inflows of resources related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted Owned by the University, but the use or purpose of the funds is restricted by an external source or entity. The restricted net position category is subdivided further into expendable and nonexpendable.
  - Restricted Expendable May be spent by the institution, but only for the purpose specified by the donor, or other external entity. This category includes the unspent balance in loan funds, debt service funds, and bondfunded capital projects.
  - Restricted Nonexpendable Endowment funds whose principal may be invested; however, only interest, dividends, and capital gains may be spent.
- Unrestricted Resources whose use by the University is not subject to externally imposed stipulations. Unrestricted net position may be designated for specific purposes by action of management or the board of trustees or may otherwise be limited by contractual agreements with outside parties.

**Income Taxes** - The University is an organization described in Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code (the "Code") and has further been classified as an organization that is not a private foundation in accordance with Sections 509(a)(1) and 170(b)(1)(A)(ii) of the Code. However, certain revenue is considered unrelated business income and may be taxable under Code Sections 511 through 513.

# **Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

**Self-Insurance** - The University is self-insured for certain employee health benefit programs. Funding for these programs is based on actuarial projections provided by the plan administrators. Aggregate stop-loss insurance is maintained for benefit payments that exceed the maximum limits outlined in the policy. A liability for unpaid claim costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, is recorded.

**Classification of Revenue** - Revenue is classified as either operating or nonoperating.

- Operating revenue includes revenue from activities that have characteristics similar to exchange transactions. These include student tuition and fees (net of scholarship discounts and allowances), sales and services of auxiliary enterprises (net of scholarship discounts and allowances), and certain federal, state, local and private grants, and contracts. The presumption is that there is a fair exchange of value between all parties to the transaction.
- Nonoperating revenue includes revenue from activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions, such as state appropriations and certain federal, state, local, and private gifts, and grants. The implication is that such revenue is derived from more passive efforts related to the acquisition of the revenue, rather than the earning of it.

Scholarship Discounts and Allowances - Student tuition and fee revenue, and certain other revenue from students, are reported net of scholarship discounts and allowances in the statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in net position. Scholarship discounts and allowances are the difference between the stated charge for goods and services provided by the University, and the amount that is paid by students and/or third parties making payments on the students' behalf. Certain federal, state, local, and nongovernmental grants are recorded as either operating or nonoperating revenue in the University's financial statements based on whether or not they are considered exchange transactions. To the extent that revenue from such programs is used to satisfy tuition and fees and other student charges, the University has recorded a scholarship discount and allowance.

**Service Concession Arrangements** - The University entered into an agreement in 2019 with a new food service provider, which is a service concession arrangement. As part of the arrangement, the service provider is funding dining hall renovations on the University's behalf over the 10-year period of the contract, contingent upon the University utilizing the services of the food service provider for the period. As amounts are funded, they are recorded as deferred inflows and amortized over the remaining life of the contract. Under GASB Statement No. 60,

# **Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements, service concession arrangements are to be reported as deferred inflows/outflows of resources. The University recorded deferred inflows of resources of \$347,597 and \$487,607 at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

**Budgetary Process** - Although not required under the Ohio Revised Code, estimated budgets are adopted by the University board of trustees in the current fiscal year for the following fiscal year. As part of budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments are recorded as the equivalent of an expense on the budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable encumbrance.

**Estimates** - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenue during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Adoption of New Accounting Pronouncements** - As of June 30, 2022, the GASB issued the following statement implemented by the University:

 Accounting for Leases - During the current year, the University adopted GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. As a result, the University now includes a liability for the present value of payments expected to be made and a leaseright-to-use asset. Lease activity is further described in Note 9. The financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021 have been restated in order to adopt GASB Statement No. 87.

# Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The effect of this new standard on June 30, 2021 net position was as follows:

	Previously Reported	Change	Adjusted Balance
Statement of Net Position			
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Lease right of use asset	\$ -	\$620,522	\$ 620,522
Total noncurrent assets	93,927,964	620,522	94,548,486
Total assets	106,631,567	620,522	107,252,089
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	111,924,460	620,522	112,544,982
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position:			
Lease Liability	-	629,934	629,934
Total noncurrent liabilities	50,219,533	629,934	50,849,467
Total Liabilities	57,035,486	629,934	57,665,420
Unrestricted	(21,924,647)	(9,412)	(21,934,059)
Total Net Position	41,418,833	(9,412)	41,409,421
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position	111,924,460	620,522	112,544,982
Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position			
Operating Expenses			
Institutional Support	8,509,996	(87,609)	8,422,387
Depreciation and amortization expense	3,501,874	75,983	3,577,857
Total operating expenses	51,556,864	(11,626)	51,545,238
Operating Loss	(27,681,455)	11,626	(27,669,829)
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)			
Interest on capital asset-related debt	(584,140)	(21,038)	(605, 178)
Nonoperating Revenue	40,342,570	(21,038)	40,321,532
Change in Net Position Before Capital Appropriations	12,661,115	(9,412)	12,651,703
Increase in Net Postion	13,113,353	(9,412)	13,103,941
Net Position-End of year	41,418,833	(9,412)	41,409,421

**Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)** 

	Previously		Adjusted
	Reported	Change	Balance
Statement of Cash Flows University			
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	\$ (17,260,982)	\$ 87,609	\$ (17,173,373)
Net cash used in operating activities	(33,804,438)	87,609	(33,716,829)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities			
Principal payments	(915,000)	(66,571)	(981,571)
Interest payments	(647,438)	(21,038)	(668,476)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(2,008,883)	(87,609)	(2,096,492)
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash from Operating Activities:			
Operating Loss	(27,681,455)	11,626	(27,669,829)
Depreciation and amortization expense	(3,501,874)	(75,983)	(3,577,857)
Net cash used in operating activities	(33,804,438)	87,609	(33,716,829)

**Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements** - As of June 30, 2022, the GASB has issued the following statements not yet implemented by the University:

- Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment **Arrangements** – In March 2020, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnership Arrangements, to bring a uniform guidance on how to report public-private and public-public partnership arrangements. As a result, transferors in public-private or public-public arrangements will recognize receivables for installment payments, deferred inflows of resources, and, when applicable, capital assets. Operators will recognize liabilities for installment payments and intangible right-to-use assets, and when applicable, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities for assets being transferred. This statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements, in which a government compensates an operator for services such as designing, constructing, financing, maintaining, or operating an underlying asset for a period of time in an exchange of exchange-like transaction. The provisions of this statement are effective for the University's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2023. The standard is not expected to have a significant effect on the University's financial statements.
- Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements In May 2020, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs),

# **Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

which defines SBITAs and provides accounting and financial reporting for SBITAs by governments. This statement requires a government to recognize a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription asset for SBITAs. The University is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement are effective for the University's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2023.

• Compensated Absences – In June 2022, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, which updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences under a unified model. This statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for leave that has not been used and leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means and establishes guidance for measuring a liability for leave that has not been used. It also updates disclosure requirements for compensated absences. The provisions of this statement are effective for the University's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2025.

COVID -19 Pandemic - On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of a respiratory disease caused by a new coronavirus a pandemic, now known as COVID-19. In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, governments have taken preventative or protective actions, such as temporary closures of non-essential businesses and "shelter-at-home" guidelines for individuals. As a result, the global economy has been negatively affected, and the University's operations were also impacted. Due to the "shelter-at-home" guidelines the University shifted to a remote online learning environment and recommended students should return home. Shawnee State University issued room and board refunds to students. The University also had many conference or athletic events cancelled or temporarily postponed until the "shelter-at-home" guidelines were reduced or removed, which resulted in lost revenues for the University for the year ended June 30, 2020, June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2022. To offset the financial impact to students and the losses incurred by the University due to the disruption caused by COVID-19, the University received grants and other relief primarily from the Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund (HEERF) and the Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF). The University has been awarded a total of approximately \$22.3 million since March 2020. As of June 30, 2022, the University has disbursed approximately \$8.4 million directly to students to provide emergency financial aid grants. Since the initial awards were received in 2020, approximately \$13.9 million of the University's institutional awards and \$807,185 of Strengthening Institutional Program award was used to cover any eligible costs associated with significant changes to delivery of instruction due to COVID-19:

# **Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

such as, personal protection equipment, student debt forgiveness of \$1,101,734, and lost revenue of \$6,437,304. The severity of the continued impact due to COVID-19 on the University's financial condition, results of operations or cash flows will depend on a number of factors, including, but not limited to, the duration and severity of the pandemic and the extent of the impact on the University's community, all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted.

**Subsequent Events** – Shawnee State University (the "University") on August 4, 2022 issued information offering a plan to its eligible employees under which a qualifying employee in consideration for voluntary relinquishment of employment by January 1, 2023 under the terms provided may receive a cash payment(s) or other incentives. This Plan is not a retirement program and is not intended to provide retirement income. This Plan is intended to qualify as a severance pay plan as defined under Code Section 457(e)(11) and as a "window program" under Code Section 409A and Treasury Regulation Section 1.457-11(d)(3). The University is evaluating the impact this incentive program will have on the financial statements once the number of participants is finalized.

#### **Note 3 - Deposits and Investments**

**Deposits** - At June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the University's deposits (which consist of cash, excluding cash on hand of \$2,131, deposits held by trustee, and investments) was \$1,492,818 and the bank balance was \$1,724,399. The difference in the carrying amount and bank balance primarily results from outstanding checks. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 is covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. At June 30, 2021, the carrying amount of the University's deposits, (which consist of cash, excluding cash on hand of \$2,131, deposits held by trustee, and investments) was \$2,453,095 and the bank balance was \$2,898,657.

**Investments** - All investments are stated at fair value. Investments received by gift are stated at fair value at the date of gift if a fair value is available, and otherwise at an appraised or nominal value.

As of June 30, 2022, the University had the following investments and maturities using the segmented time distribution method:

**Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)** 

		Investment Maturities (in years)							
Investment Type	 Value		<1		1-5	More than 5			
U.S. govt. and agency bonds Corporate bonds and notes	\$ 1,395,933 1,773,644	\$	- 1,845	\$	1,233,674 1,402,218	\$	162,259 369,581		
Fixed-income mutual funds  Money market funds	1,290,954 255,578		1,290,954 255,578		-		-		
STAR Ohio funds	 195,839		195,839		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		
Total	4,911,948	\$	1,744,216	\$	2,635,892	\$	531,840		
Equities and equity funds	 2,993,902								
Total	\$ 7,905,850								

As of June 30, 2021, the University had the following investments and maturities using the segmented time distribution method:

		Investment Maturities (in years)							
Investment Type	 Value		<1		1-5	More than 5			
U.S. govt. and agency bonds	\$ 1,603,634	\$	-	\$	1,081,375	\$	522,259		
Corporate bonds and notes	1,710,964		-		925,674		785,291		
Fixed-income mutual funds	1,700,473		1,700,473		-		-		
Money market funds	564,627		564,470		-		-		
STAR Ohio funds	 195,294		195,294	_	-	_	-		
Total	5,774,992	\$	2,460,237	\$	2,007,049	\$	1,307,550		
Equities and equity funds	 3,015,616								
Total	\$ 8,790,608								

#### Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments at June 30, 2022 and 2021 are shown in the statement of net position as noncurrent assets in the amount of \$7,905,850 and \$8,790,608, respectively.

**Interest Rate Risk** - Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The University's investment policy does not specifically limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

**Credit Risk** - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The University's investment policy limits investments in fixed-income securities to government and agency issues and corporate issues in the top four quality rating of recognized credit services. Other than for alternative investments, investments below investment grade and derivatives are specifically prohibited.

As of June 30, 2022, and 2021, the University had the following investments and quality ratings:

		2022	2021
Investment Type	Rating	 Fair Value	 Fair Value
U.S. govt. and agency bonds	AAA	\$ 1,317,934	\$ 274,708
	AA	77,999	1,328,927
Corporate bonds and notes	AAA	154,638	-
	AA	244,300	219,814
	Α	810,542	691,124
	BBB	564,164	800,025
Fixed-income mutual funds	AAA	1,290,954	1,700,473
Money market funds	AAA	255,578	564,627
STAR Ohio funds	AAA	 195,839	 195,294
		\$ 4,911,948	\$ 5,774,992

**Concentration of Credit Risk** - Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The University's investment policy limits investment in any single issue other than U.S. government securities to 5.0 percent of the total investment portfolio.

#### **Note 4 - Fair Value Measurements**

The University categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below.

In instances where by inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The University's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

The University has the following assets with recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2022:

	alance at e 30, 2022	Active Iden	ed Prices in Markets for tical Assets Level 1)	Obser	icant Other vable Inputs .evel 2)	Significa Unobserva Inputs (Lev	able
Investments by Fair Value Level	 						
Money market:							
Money market	\$ 255,578	\$	255,578	\$	-	\$	-
Total money market	255,578		255,578		-		-
Debt securities:							
U.S. govt. and agency bonds	1,395,933		1,395,933		-		-
Corporate bonds and notes	1,773,644	-			1,773,644		-
Total debt securities	3,169,577		1,395,933	1,773,644			-
Mutual funds:							
Fixed-income mutual funds	1,290,954		1,290,954		-		-
Equity mutual funds	2,993,902		2,993,902		-		-
Total mutual funds	4,284,856	· <u> </u>	4,284,856		-		
Total investments by fair value level	\$ 7,710,011	\$	5,936,367	\$	1,773,644	\$	

#### **Note 4 - Fair Value Measurements (Continued)**

The University has the following assets with recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2021:

		Balance at June 30, 2021		ed Prices in Markets for ical Assets Level 1)	Obsen	cant Other vable Inputs evel 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	
Investments by Fair Value Level								
Money market:								
Money market	\$	564,627	\$	564,627	\$	-	\$	-
Total money market		564,627		564,627		-		-
Debt securities:								
U.S. govt. and agency bonds		1,603,634		1,603,634		-		-
Corporate bonds and notes		1,710,964		-		1,710,964		-
Total debt securities		3,314,598		1,603,634		1,710,964		-
Mutual funds:								
Fixed-income mutual funds		1,700,473		1,700,473		-		-
Equity mutual funds		3,015,616		3,015,616				
Total mutual funds		4,716,089		4,716,089		-		-
Total investments by fair value level	\$	8,595,314	\$	6,884,350	\$	1,710,964	\$	

Short-term investment and investments on the statement of net position at June 30, 2022 and 2021 include investments in STAR Ohio of \$195,839 and \$195,294, respectively. The investments in STAR Ohio are measured at amortized cost; therefore, they are not included in the tables above. There are no limitations or restrictions on any STAR Ohio participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given to STAR Ohio 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$50 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$50 million limit. All accounts of the STAR Ohio investors will be combined for these purposes.

# Note 5 - Accounts Receivable

The composition of accounts receivable at June 30, 2022 and 2021 is summarized as follows:

	 2022	 2021
Student tuition and fees	\$ 4,121,577	\$ 3,856,418
Grants and contracts	9,214,426	7,706,542
Other	 110,598	25,745
Total accounts receivable	13,446,601	11,588,705
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	 (1,670,381)	 (1,787,940)
Accounts receivable - Net	\$ 11,776,220	\$ 9,800,765

Note 6 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Reclass								
	Balance	and		Balance					
	July 1, 2021	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2022					
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Capital assets not being depreciated:									
Land	\$ 8,003,370	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,003,370					
Land improvements	6,928,631	1,542,976	_	8,471,607					
Construction in progress	624,031	2,463,246	(511,224)	2,576,053					
. 3									
Total capital assets not being depreciated	15,556,032	4,006,222	(511,224)	19,051,030					
3 1	.,,.	, ,	(- , ,	-,,					
Capital assets being depreciated:									
Buildings and improvements	123,586,432	71,695	-	123,658,127					
Equipment	16,376,202	757,233	(264,921)	16,868,514					
Library books	3,985,606	12,987	(711)	3,997,882					
•									
Total capital assets being depreciated	143,948,240	841,915	(265,632)	144,524,523					
Total dapital assets being depresiated	140,040,240	0+1,010	(200,002)	144,024,020					
Less accumulated depreciation:									
Buildings and improvements	(58,531,687)	(3,118,694)	265,632	(61,384,749)					
Equipment	(14,601,185)	(57,095)	-	(14,658,280)					
Library books	(3,874,324)	(32,392)	-	(3,906,716)					
•			-						
Total accumulated depreciation	(77,007,196)	(3,208,181)	265,632	(79,949,745)					
Total accumulated appropriation	(11,001,100)	(0,200,101)	200,002	(10,010,110)					
Takal aquikal aquaka bajum dammajakad. Nak	00 044 044	(0.000.000)		04 574 770					
Total capital assets being depreciated - Net	66,941,044	(2,366,266)		64,574,778					
Capital assets - Net	\$ 82,497,076	\$ 1,639,956	\$ (511,224)	\$ 83,625,808					

As of June 30, 2022, the total of outstanding commitments for Capital Projects funded by the State of Ohio was \$1,367,154.

Note 6 - Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2020	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2021			
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 8,003,370	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,003,370		
Land improvements	6,928,631	-	-	6,928,631		
Construction in progress	2,538,746	347,282	(2,261,997)	624,031		
Total capital assets not being depreciated	17,470,747	347,282	(2,261,997)	15,556,032		
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings and improvements	121,428,667	2,566,562	(408, 796)	123,586,432		
Equipment	15,946,931	429,271	-	16,376,202		
Library books	3,989,196	1,579	(5,169)	3,985,606		
Total capital assets being depreciated	141,364,794	2,997,412	(413,965)	143,948,240		
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings and improvements	(55,763,081)	(2,932,637)	164,031	(58,531,687)		
Equipment	(14,073,706)	(527,479)	-	(14,601,185)		
Library books	(3,837,735)	(41,758)	5,169	(3,874,324)		
Total accumulated depreciation	(73,674,522)	(3,501,874)	169,200	(77,007,196)		
Total capital assets being depreciated - Net	67,690,272	(504,462)	(244,765)	66,941,044		
Capital assets - Net	\$ 85,161,019	\$ (157,180)	\$ (2,506,762)	\$ 82,497,076		

As of June 30, 2021, the total of outstanding commitments for Capital Projects funded by the State of Ohio was \$90,785.

On March 25, 2021, the University sold the President's House located at 3060 Camelot Drive, Portsmouth, Ohio 45662 for \$340,000.

#### **Note 7 - Compensated Absences**

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and state laws. Classified employees and administrators earn 10-25 days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Vacation time may be accumulated up to a maximum of twice the employee's current accrual rate. Faculty does not accrue vacation time.

Faculty, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated with no maximum by all personnel. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of accrued but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 40 days for qualifying employees.

#### Note 8 - Long-term Obligations

The changes in the University's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2022 were as follows:

	Principal Outstanding July 1, 2021 Ac			Additions Deductions			Principal Outstanding June 30, 2022			Current Portion	
General Receipt Bonds, Series 2016 Unamortized bond premium	\$	18,005,000 515,555	\$	-	\$	945,000 37,616	\$	17,060,000 477,939	\$	970,000 40,323	
Sub total long-term debt Compensated absences		18,520,555 1,809,092		- 221,549		982,616 183,504		17,537,939 1,847,137		1,010,323 184,714	
Total long-term liabilities	\$	20,329,647	\$	221,549	\$	1,166,120	\$	19,385,076	\$	1,195,037	

#### Note 8 - Long-term Obligations (Continued)

The changes in the University's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2021 were as follows:

	Prin	ncipal Outstanding July 1, 2020	 Additions	 Deductions	 Principal Outstanding June 30, 2021	 Current Portion
General Receipt Bonds, Series 2016 Unamortized bond premium Sub total long-term debt Compensated absences	\$	18,920,000 550,595 19,470,595 2,069,861	\$ - - 52,946	\$ 915,000 35,040 950,040 313,715	\$ 18,005,000 515,555 18,520,555 1,809,092	\$ 945,000 37,616 982,616 180,909
Total long-term liabilities	\$	21,540,456	\$ 52,946	\$ 1,263,755	\$ 20,329,647	\$ 1,163,525

In fiscal year 2017, the University issued \$20,845,000 of General Receipts Bonds, Series 2016, dated November 29, 2016, maturing at various dates through June 1, 2041 at coupon rates ranging from 2.0 percent to 4.0 percent. The net proceeds of the Series 2016 Bonds will be used to first pay for the costs of various improvements to the University's campus. Those improvements include the renovation and rehabilitation of existing facilities for athletics and student recreation, health and fitness, student housing renovations, and other campus improvements (collectively, the "Project"). Secondly, the funds will be utilized to advance refund all of the University's outstanding General Receipts Bonds, Series 2007, dated June 5, 2007 (the "Series 2007 Bonds") and finally to pay costs of issuance of the Series 2016 Bonds.

The University advance refunded the 2007 Series bonds to reduce its total debt service payments over the next 18 years by almost \$2.3 million and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$1.8 million.

The interest expense for the bonds in fiscal years 2022 and 2021 was \$554,118 and \$584,140, respectively.

#### Note 8 - Long-term Obligations (Continued)

Principal and interest amount due within each of the next five years and thereafter on the Series 2016 bond obligations outstanding at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Years Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	 Total
		_	
2023	\$ 970,000	\$ 593,925	\$ 1,563,925
2024	1,000,000	564,825	1,564,825
2025	1,020,000	544,825	1,564,825
2026	1,045,000	521,875	1,566,875
2027	1,080,000	480,075	1,560,075
2028-2032	6,145,000	1,683,775	7,828,775
2033-2037	3,990,000	622,625	4,612,625
2038-2041	 1,810,000	 161,000	 1,971,000
Total	\$ 17,060,000	\$ 5,172,925	\$ 22,232,925

#### Note 9 - Leases

The University leases certain assets from a third party. The assets leased include two buildings located at 945 and 1001 Fourth Street, Portsmouth, Ohio 45662. The Shawnee State University Development Foundation is the lessor. The lease is set to expire in fiscal year 2029 and has a discount rate of 3.16 percent. Payments are fixed annually at approximately \$88,000 per year.

Lease asset activity of the University was as follows for June 30, 2022:

	Beginning Balance					Ending Balance		
	Jul	y 1, 2021	Add	litions	De	ductions	Jun	e 30, 2022
Leased Asset Class								
Building	\$	696,505	\$	-	\$	-	\$	696,505
Accumulated Amortization								
Building	\$	(75,983)	\$		\$	(75,981)	\$	(151,964)
Net Book Value of Leased Assets	\$	620,522	\$	_	\$	(75,981)	\$	544,541

#### Note 9 – Leases (Continued)

Lease asset activity of the University was as follows for June 30, 2021:

	Е	eginning Balance y 1, 2020	Additior	าร	De	ductions	-	Ending Balance e 30, 2021
Leased Asset Class								
Building	\$	696,505		-	\$	-	\$	696,505
Accumulated Amortization								
Building	\$			_	\$	(75,983)	\$	(75,983)
Net Book Value of Leased Assets	\$	696,505	\$ -		\$	(75,983)	\$	620,522

Future principal and interest payment requirements related to the University's lease liability are as follows:

Years Ending						
June 30		Principal		Interest		Total
2023	\$	70,906	\$	16,703	\$	87,609
2024		73,178		14,431		87,609
2025		75,522		12,087		87,609
2026		77,943		9,667		87,610
2027		80,440		7,169		87,609
2028-2030		183,241		6,581		189,822
<b>+</b>	_	504.000	_	22.222	_	007.000
Total	\$	561,230	\$	66,638	\$	627,868

The capital interest expense for the leases in fiscal years 2022 and 2021 was \$18,905 and \$21,038, respectively.

# Note 10 - Contingencies

The University receives financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the unrestricted or restricted educational and general funds or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of

#### Note 10 - Contingencies (Continued)

management, any such disallowed claims would not have a significant adverse effect on the overall financial statements of the University at June 30, 2022.

During the normal course of operations, the University has become a defendant in various legal and administrative actions. Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. However, in the opinion of university management, the disposition of all pending litigations would not have a significant adverse effect on the University's financial position.

The U.S. Department of Commerce awarded an Economic Development Administration (EDA) Grant in the amount of \$2,793,393 to Shawnee State University and the Shawnee State University Development Foundation. The State of Ohio awarded an additional \$700,000 as matching funds to Shawnee State University. The funding will be utilized for the renovations of the Shawnee State University Kricker Innovation Hub. The University is the lead recipient on the project and will facilitate the administration of the award. The construction must be completed by December 28, 2022. The Foundation holds title to the property on which the renovations will occur.

As a stipulation of the award, the EDA requires the Foundation to hold title to the building and to utilize the building for the authorized purpose of the project for 20 years from the date construction is completed. As such, the EDA has a first priority unsubordinated mortgage lien on the building in favor of the EDA. If the property is no longer used for the authorized purpose of the project, disposed of, or encumbered without EDA approval within that timeframe, the EDA may assert its interest in the property to recover the federal share of the value of the property, which was determined to be the percentage of the current fair market value of the property attributed to the EDA participation in the project.

# Note 11 - State Support

The University is a state-assisted institution of higher education, which receives a student-performance-based subsidy from the State of Ohio. This subsidy is determined annually based upon a formula managed by the Ohio Department of Higher Education, adjusted to state resources available. The University also receives a supplemental appropriation to support the goals of improving course completion, increasing the number of degrees conferred, and furthering the University's mission of service to the Appalachian region.

In addition to the performance-based subsidy and supplement, the State of Ohio provides funding for the construction of major plant facilities on the University's campus. State funding for the construction of university facilities is obtained from

#### **Note 11 - State Support (Continued)**

the issuance of revenue bonds by the Ohio Public Facilities Commission, which in turn initiates the construction and subsequent lease of the facility by the Ohio Department of Higher Education. Upon completion of a facility, the Ohio Department of Higher Education turns over control to the University. The University capitalizes the costs of these facilities as construction is completed and payment is received from the Ohio Public Facilities Commission.

Neither the obligation for the revenue bonds issued by the Ohio Public Facilities Commission nor the annual debt service charges for principal and interest on the bonds are reflected in the University's financial statements. These are funded through appropriations to the Ohio Department of Higher Education by the Ohio General Assembly.

The University facilities are not pledged as collateral for the revenue bonds. Instead, the bonds are supported by a pledge of monies in the Higher Education Capital Facilities Bond Service Fund, and future payments to be received by such fund, which is established in the custody of the Treasurer of State.

As a result of the above-described financial assistance provided by the State of Ohio to the University, outstanding debt issued by the Ohio Public Facilities Commission is not included on the University's statement of net position. In addition, appropriations by the General Assembly to the Ohio Department of Higher Education for payment of debt service charges are not reflected as appropriation revenue received by the University, and the related debt service payments are not recorded in the University's accounts.

The University also receives direct appropriations from the State to fund capital improvements. These appropriations are reflected as appropriation revenue on the University's financial statements. The costs, both direct and indirect, are subject to examination and advance approval by the State of Ohio.

#### **Note 12 - Grants and Contracts**

Revenue from grants and contracts is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the University must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expense requirements, in which the resources are provided to the University on a reimbursement basis.

#### Note 13 - Retirement Plans

Plan Description – The University participates in the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and the law enforcement division of the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS), statewide, cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement systems governed by the Ohio Revised Code (ORC) that covers substantially all employees of the University. Each system has multiple retirement plan options available to its members, with two options in STRS and OPERS. Each system provides retirement, survivor, and disability benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. The systems also each provide post-employment health care benefits (including Medicare B premiums) to retirees and beneficiaries who elect to receive those benefits.

Each retirement system issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the pension and post-employment health care plans. The reports may be obtained by contacting:

State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio 275 E. Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 (888) 227-7877 www.strsoh.org

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System 277 E. Town Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 (800) 222-7377 www.opers.org

**Contributions** – State retirement law requires contributions by covered employees and their employers, and Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code (ORC) limits the maximum rate of contributions. The retirement boards of the systems individually set contributions rates within the allowable limits. The adequacy of employer contribution rates is determined annually by actuarial valuation using the entry age normal cost method. Under these provisions, each University's contribution is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance a portion of the unfunded accrued liability.

Member contributions are set at the maximums authorized by the ORC. The plans' 2022 and 2021 employer and member contribution rates on covered payroll to each system are:

	Employ	er Contribution F	Rate	Member Contribution
		Postretirement		
	Pension	Healthcare	Total	Total
			<u> </u>	
STRS	14.00%	0.00%	14.00%	14.00%
OPERS - State/Local	14.00%	0.00%	14.00%	10.00%
OPERS - Law Enforcement	18.10%	0.00%	18.10%	13.00%

#### Note 13 – Retirement Plans (Continued)

The University's required and actual contributions to the plans are:

	For the years ended 6/30							
	2022			_	2021			
	Pension		OPEB		Pension		OPEB	
STRS	\$ 1,466,922	\$	-	-	\$ 1,534,798	\$	-	
OPERS	1,346,929		-	_	1,230,886		-	
Total	\$ 2,813,851	\$			\$ 2,765,684	\$	-	

#### Benefits Provided -

<u>STRS</u> – Plan benefits are established under Chapter 3307 of the ORC, as amended by Substitute Senate Bill 342 in 2012, gives the Retirement Board the authority to make future adjustments to the member contribution rate, retirement age and service requirements, and the COLA as the need or opportunity arises, depending on the retirement system's funding progress.

Effective August 1, 2017-July 1, 2019, any member may retire who has (1) five years of service credit and attained age 60; (2) 27 years of service credit and attained age 55; or (3) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Effective August 1, 2019-July 1, 2021, any member may retire with reduced benefits who has (1) five years of service credit and age 60; (2) 28 years of service credit and age 55; or (3) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Beginning August 1, 2015, eligibility requirements for an unreduced benefit changed. The maximum annual retirement allowance, payable for life, considers years of credited service, final average salary (3-5 years) and multiplying by a factor ranging from 2.2 percent to 2.6 percent with 0.1 percent incremental increases for years greater than 30-31, depending on retirement age.

A defined benefit plan or combined plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled (illness or injury preventing individual's ability to perform regular job duties for at least 12 months) may receive a disability benefit. Additionally, eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least 10 years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits.

# Note 13 - Retirement Plans (Continued)

A death benefit of \$1,000 is payable to the beneficiary of each deceased retired member who participated in the plan. Death benefit coverage up to \$2,000 can be purchased by participants in all three of the plans. Various other benefits are available to members' beneficiaries.

STRS Ohio provides access to healthcare coverage to retirees who participated in the Defined Benefit or Combined Plans, and their dependents. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Pursuant to the ORC, the State Teachers Retirement Board (the "Board") has discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the healthcare costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the healthcare cost in the form of a monthly premium.

<u>OPERS</u> – Plan benefits are established under Chapter 145 of the ORC, as amended by Substitute Senate Bill 343 in 2012. The requirements to retire depends on years of service (5 to 30 years) and from attaining the age of 48 to 62, depending on when the employee became a member. Members retiring before age 65 with less than 30 years' service credit receive a percentage reduction in benefit, except for public safety and law enforcement participants. Member retirement benefits are calculated on a formula that considers years of service (5-30 years), age (48-62 years) and final average salary, using a factor ranging from 1.0 percent to 2.5 percent.

A plan member who becomes disabled before age 60 or at any age, depending on when the member entered the plan, and has completed 60 contributing months is eligible for a disability benefit.

A death benefit of \$500 - \$2,500 is determined by the number of years of service credit of the retiree. Benefits may transfer to a beneficiary upon death with 1.5 years of service credits with the plan obtained within the last 2.5 years, except for law enforcement and public safety personnel who are eligible immediately upon employment.

Benefit terms provide for annual cost-of-living adjustments to each employee's retirement allowance subsequent to the employee's retirement date. The annual adjustment, if applicable, is 3.0 percent, an amount based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3.0 percent.

# Note 13 - Retirement Plans (Continued)

Net Pension Liability, Deferrals, and Pension Expense – At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the University reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of STRS/OPERS. For June 30, 2022, the net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 for STRS, and December 31, 2021 for the OPERS plan. For June 30, 2021, the net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 for STRS, and December 31, 2020 for the OPERS plan. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of those dates. The University's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined.

	Measurement	Net Pensi	on Lia	ability	Proportiona	te Share	Percent Change	Percent Change
Plan	Date	2022		2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
STRS OPERS	June 30 December 31	\$ 11,261,080 5,109,974	\$	22,335,934 8,717,478	0.08807% 0.06013%	0.09231% 0.05946%	-4.59% 1.13%	0.83% -9.94%
Total		\$ 16,371,054	\$	31,053,412				

For the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the University recognized pension (recovery) of \$(5,441,992) and \$(1,534,502) respectively. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the University reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	2	022	2021			
	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred		
	Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of		
	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 619,609	\$ 198,452	\$ 53,123	\$ 526,733		
Changes of assumptions	3,784,278	-	1,204,299	-		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings						
on pension plan investments	-	15,953,880	1,086,199	3,444,552		
Changes in proportion and differences between university						
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	127,161	1,899,966	136,336	2,809,457		
University contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2,103,370		2,123,271	<del>-</del>		
Total	\$ 6,634,418	\$ 18,052,298	\$ 4,603,228	\$ 6,780,742		

#### Note 13 – Retirement Plans (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2023	\$ (3,386,328)
2024	(3,960,075)
2025	(3,075,205)
2026	(3,102,101)
2027	915
Thereafter	1,543
	\$ (13,521,251)

In addition, the contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next year.

Net OPEB Liability/(Asset), Deferrals, and OPEB Expense – At June 30, 2022, the University reported a liability/(asset) for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset) of STRS/OPERS. For June 30, 2022, the net OPEB liability/(asset) was measured as of June 30, 2021 for STRS, and December 31, 2021 for the OPERS plan. For June 30, 2021, the net OPEB liability/(asset) was measured as of June 30, 2020 for STRS, and December 31, 2020 for the OPERS plan. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability/(asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of those dates, except OPERS which used an actuarial valuation dated December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively, rolled forward to the measurement date by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payments, and interest accruals during the year for the defined benefit health care plans.

Typically, the University's proportion of the net OPEB liability/(asset) would be based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined, except as noted below.

For plan years ending June 30, 2021 and 2020, STRS did not allocate employer contributions to the OPEB plan. Therefore, STRS' calculation of the employers'

#### Note 13 – Retirement Plans (Continued)

proportionate share is based on total contributions to the plan for both pension and OPEB.

For plan years ending December 31, 2021 and 2020, OPERS did not allocate employer contributions to the OPEB plan. Therefore, OPERS's calculation of the employers' proportionate share is based on total contributions to the plan for both pension and OPEB.

	Measurement		Net OPEB Liabilit	y/(Asset)	Proportiona	te Share	Percent Change	Percent Change
Plan	Date	_ =	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
STRS OPERS	June 30 December 31	\$	(1,857,000) \$ (1,809,946)	(1,622,000) (1,018,280)	0.08807% 0.06013%	0.09231% 0.05716%	-4.59% 5.20%	-8.39% -5.29%
Total		\$	(3,666,946) \$	(2,640,280)				

For the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the University recognized OPEB (recovery) of \$(2,043,285) and \$(6,920,203), respectively. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the University reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	20	22	2021			
	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred		
	Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of		
	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 66,000	\$ 614,541	\$ 104,000	\$ 1,241,992		
Changes of assumptions	119,000	1,840,646	527,598	3,190,918		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings						
on OPEB investments	-	1,377,855	57,000	542,350		
Changes in proportion and differences between university						
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	889	431,921	1,067	810,098		
University contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<del></del>		
Total	\$ 185,889	\$ 4,264,963	\$ 689,665	\$ 5,785,358		

#### Note 13 – Retirement Plans (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2023	\$ (1,969,887)
2024	(970,858)
2025	(718,330)
2026	(348,082)
2027	(73,286)
Thereafter	1,370
	\$ (4,079,039)

In addition, the contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the next year.

**Actuarial Assumptions** – The total pension liability and OPEB liability is based on the results of an actuarial valuation and were determined using the following actuarial assumptions for the University's current year:

# Note 13 – Retirement Plans (Continued)

	STRS	OPERS
Valuation date - Pension Valuation date - OPEB Actuarial cost method Cost of living	June 30, 2021 June 30, 2021 Entry age normal None	December 31, 2021 December 31, 2020 Individual entry age 2.05 percent - 3.00 percent
Salary increases, including inflation	2.50 percent - 12.50 percent	2.75 percent -10.75 percent
Inflation Investment rate of return - Pension Investment rate of return - OPEB Health care cost trend rates	2.50 percent 7.00 percent, net of investment expense, including inflation 7.00 percent, net of investment expense, including inflation 16.2 percent to 30.0 percent initial 4 percent ultimate	2.75 percent 6.90 percent, net of investment expense, including inflation 6.00 percent, net of investment expense, including inflation 5.50 percent initial, 3.50 percent ultimate in 2034
Experience study date	Period of 5 years ended June 30, 2016	Period of 5 years ended December 31, 2020
Mortality basis	RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.	Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on 130% of the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for State and Local Government divisions and 170% of the Pub-2010 Safety Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for the Public Safety and Law Enforcement divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on 115% of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. For all of the previously described tables, the base year is 2010 and mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scales (males and females) to all of these tables.

# Note 13 – Retirement Plans (Continued)

The following are actuarial assumptions for the University's prior year:

	STRS	OPERS
Valuation date - Pension Valuation date - OPEB Actuarial cost method Cost of living Salary increases, including inflation Inflation Investment rate of return - Pension Investment rate of return - OPEB	June 30, 2020 June 30, 2020 Entry age normal None 2.5% - 12.5% 2.50% 7.45%, net of investment expense, including inflation 7.45%, net of investment	December 31, 2020 December 31, 2019 Individual entry age 0.50% to 3.0% 3.25% -10.75% 3.25% 7.2%, net of investment expense, including inflation 6.0% net of investment
	expense, including inflation	expense, including inflation
Health care cost trend rates  Experience study date	-6.7% to 11.9% initial, 4% ultimate Period of 5 years ended June	8.5% initial, 3.5% ultimate in 2035 Period of 5 years ended
Mortality basis	30, 2016 RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016	December 31, 2015 RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table

#### Note 13 – Retirement Plans (Continued)

Pension Discount Rate The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at contractually required rates for all plans. Based on those assumptions, each pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rates used to measure the total pension liabilities for STRS were 7.00 percent and 7.45 percent for the plan years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020. The discount rates used to measure the total pension liability for OPERS were 6.90 percent and 7.20 percent for the plan years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

**OPEB Discount Rate** –The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at contractually required rates for all plans. Plans that project fiduciary net position to be insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments for current active and inactive employees used a blended discount rate between the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments and a 20-year municipal bond rate applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability/(asset).

STRS – OPEB Discount Rate: The discount rates used to measure the total OPEB assets was 7.00 percent and 7.45 percent for the plan years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020. At June 30, 2021 and 2020, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB asset.

OPERS – OPEB Discount Rate: The discount rates used to measure the total OPEB liabilities/(assets) were 6.0 percent for the plan years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020. At December 31, 2021 and 2020, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB asset.

# Note 13 – Retirement Plans (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan and OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. OPERS has two different portfolios of investment, a defined benefit portfolio for pension and health care portfolio for OPEB. As a result, there are different target allocations and long-term expected real rates of return disclosed for each portfolio. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic (geometric for STRS) real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table as of the dates listed below:

STRS - as	s of 6/30/21			OPERS -	as of 12/31/2	1	
			•	Pension Portfol	io	Health Care Portf	olio
		Long-term Expected		'	Long-term Expected		Long-term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of		Target	Real Rate of	Target	Real Rate of
Investment Category	Allocation	Return	Investment Category	Allocation	Return	Allocation	Return
Domestic equity	28.00%	7.35%	Fixed income	24.00%	1.32%	34.00%	1.07%
International equity	23.00%	7.55%	Domestic equities	21.00%	5.64%	25.00%	5.64%
Alternatives	17.00%	7.09%	Real estate	11.00%	5.39%	0.00%	0.00%
Fixed income	21.00%	3.00%	Private equity	12.00%	10.42%	0.00%	0.00%
Real estate	10.00%	6.00%	International equity	23.00%	7.36%	25.00%	7.36%
Liquidity reserves	1.00%	2.25%	Risk Parity	5.00%	2.92%	2.00%	2.92%
		•	REITs	0.00%	0.00%	7.00%	3.71%
			Other Investments	4.00%	2.85%	7.00%	1.93%
Total	100.00%		Total	100.00%		100.00%	

STRS - as of 6/30/20			OPERS - as of 12/31/20					
			•	Pension Portfol	io	Health Care Portf	olio	
		Long-term Expected			Long-term Expected		Long-term Expected	
	Target	Real Rate of		Target	Real Rate of	Target	Real Rate of	
Investment Category	Allocation	Return	Investment Category	Allocation	Return	Allocation	Return	
Domestic equity	28.00%	7.35%	Fixed income	25.00%	1.32%	34.00%	1.07%	
International equity	23.00%	7.55%	Domestic equities	21.00%	5.64%	25.00%	5.64%	
Alternatives	17.00%	7.09%	Real estate	10.00%	5.39%	0.00%	0.00%	
Fixed income	21.00%	3.00%	Private equity	12.00%	10.42%	0.00%	0.00%	
Real estate	10.00%	6.00%	International equity	23.00%	7.36%	25.00%	7.36%	
Liquidity reserves	1.00%	2.25%	REITs	0.00%	0.00%	7.00%	6.48%	
		=	Other Investments	9.00%	4.75%	9.00%	4.02%	
Total	100.00%		Total	100.00%		100.00%		

# Note 13 – Retirement Plans (Continued)

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the net pension liability of the University, calculated using the discount rate listed below, as well as what the University's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.0 percentage point lower or 1.0 percentage point higher than the current rate:

				2022					
Plan	1.00 Pe	rcen	t Decrease	Curre	nt Disc	ount Rate	1.00 P	ercen	tIncrease
STRS	6.00%	\$	21,087,788	7.00%	\$	11,261,080	8.00%	\$	2,957,533
OPERS	5.90%		13,702,081	6.90%		5,109,974	7.90%		(2,038,258)
		\$	34,789,869		\$	16,371,054		\$	919,275
				2021					
Plan	1.00 Pe	rcen	t Decrease	<b>Current Discount Rate</b>		ount Rate	1.00 Percent Increase		
STRS	6.45%	\$	31,802,481	7.45%	\$	22,335,934	8.45%	\$	14,313,823
OPERS	6.20%		16,733,342	7.20%		8,717,478	8.20%		2,054,485
		\$	48,535,823		\$	31,053,412		\$	16,368,308

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability/(asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net OPEB liability/(asset) of the University, calculated using the discount rate listed below, as well as what the University's net OPEB liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.0 percentage point lower or 1.0 percentage point higher than the current rate:

#### Changes in the Discount Rate

2022

<u>Plan</u>	Plan 1.00 Percent Decrease		Current Discount Rate			1.00 Percent Increase			
STRS OPERS	6.00% 5.00%	\$	(1,566,998) (1,064,418)	7.00% 6.00%	\$	(1,857,000) (1,809,946)	8.00% 7.00%	\$	(2,099,203) (2,428,746)
		\$	(2,631,416)		\$	(3,666,946)		\$	(4,527,949)

### Note 13 – Retirement Plans (Continued)

#### **Changes in the Discount Rate**

2021

Plan	1.00 Percent Decrease		1.00 Percent Decrease Current Discount Rate			1.00 Percent Increase		
STRS OPERS	6.45% \$ 5.00%	(1,411,560) (253,201)	7.45% 6.00%	\$	(1,622,000) (1,018,280)	8.45% 7.00%	\$	(1,801,219) (1,647,236)
	\$	(1,664,761)		\$	(2,640,280)		\$	(3,448,455)

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability/(asset) to changes in the health care cost trend rate – The following presents the net OPEB liability of the University, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate listed below, as well as what the University's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.0 percentage point lower or 1.0 percentage point higher than the current rate:

#### Changes in Health Care Cost Trend Rate

2022

Plan	1.00 Percent Decrease		Current Tre	Current Trend Rate		1.00 Percent Increase	
STRS OPERS	\$	(2,089,388) (1,829,505)	\$	(1,857,000) (1,809,946)	\$	(1,569,570) (1,786,743)	
	\$	(3,918,893)	\$	(3,666,946)	\$	(3,356,313)	

#### **Changes in Health Care Cost Trend Rate**

2021

Plan	1.00 Percent Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1.00 Percent Increase		
STRS OPERS	\$ (1,790,116) (1,043,097)	\$ (1,622,000) (1,018,280)	\$ (1,418,011) (990,513)		
	\$ (2,833,213)	\$ (2,640,280)	\$ (2,408,524)		

#### Note 13 – Retirement Plans (Continued)

**Pension plan and OPEB plan fiduciary net position** – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued STRS/OPERS financial report.

**Assumption changes** – During the measurement periods ended June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2021, respectively, certain assumption changes were made by the plans. The OPERS pension discount rate was reduced from 7.20 percent to 6.90 percent, which impacted the annual actuarial valuation for the pension liability as of December 31, 2021. The STRS pension and OPEB discount rates were reduced from 7.45 percent to 7.00 percent, which impacted the annual actuarial valuation for the pension and OPEB liabilities as of the June 30, 2021 measurement date.

**Benefit changes** – There were no significant benefit terms changes for the pension or OPEB plan(s) since the prior two measurement dates for STRS. Effective in 2022, OPERS will replace the current self-insured group plan with a marketplace concept for pre-Medicare retirees.

Changes since the measurement date – STRS had a new experience study completed for the period July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2021 which will be used for the 2022 valuation. The experience study indicates changes in assumptions, including updating mortality tables from RP-2014 to PubT-2010 (and related improvement factors), retirement rates, and OPEB participation assumptions which will impact STRS net pension liability and net OPEB liability.

**Defined Contribution Pension Plan** - The Alternative Retirement Plan (ARP) is a defined contribution pension plan, under IRS Section 401(a), and established by Ohio Amended Substitute House Bill 586 (ORC 3305.02) on March 31, 1998, for public institutions of higher education. The University's Board of Trustees adopted the University's plan on April 18, 1998. Full-time employees are eligible to choose a provider, in lieu of STRS or OPERS, from the list of three providers currently approved by the Ohio Department of Insurance and who hold agreements with the University. Employee and employer contributions equal to those required by STRS and OPERS are required for the ARP, less any amounts required to be remitted to the state retirement system in which the employee would otherwise have been enrolled.

Eligible employees have 120 days from their date of hire to make an irrevocable election to participate in the ARP. Under this plan, employees who would have otherwise been required to be in STRS or OPERS, and who elect to participate in the ARP, must contribute the employee's share of retirement contributions to one of three private providers approved by the Ohio Department of Insurance. The legislation mandates that the employer must contribute an

#### Note 13 – Retirement Plans (Continued)

amount to the state retirement system to which the employee would have otherwise belonged, based on an independent actuarial study commissioned by the Ohio Retirement Study Council and submitted to the Ohio Board of Regents. That amount is 9.53 percent for STRS and 11.56 percent for OPERS for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021. The employer also contributes what would have been the employer's contribution under STRS or OPERS. less the aforementioned percentages, to the private provider selected by the employee. The University plan provides these employees with immediate plan vesting. The ARP does not provide disability benefits, survivor benefits, or postretirement health care. Benefits are entirely dependent on the sum of contributions and investment returns earned by each participant's choice of investment options. STRS and OPERS also offer a defined contribution plan and a combined plan with features of both a defined contribution plan and a defined benefit plan. For the year ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, employee contributions totaled \$557,810 and \$534,523, and the University recognized pension expense of \$618,356 and \$591,242, respectively.

# Note 14 - Risk Management

The University is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To address these exposures and reduce premiums, the University is a member of the Inter-University Council of Ohio Insurance Consortium (IUC-IC), a purchasing partnership with 12 other Ohio four-year public universities.

During fiscal year 2022, the University maintained the lines of coverage below. All limits are dedicated to the University, unless explicitly noted as shared with other IUC-IC members. Real property and contents are 100 percent insured.

Note 14 – Risk Management (Continued)

Description of Coverage	Policy Term	Limit of Liability	Member Deductible
GROUP PROPERTY PROGRAM			
"All Risk" Property Coverage	07/01/2021 - 07/01/2022	\$250,000 for All Perils except \$900,000 for CAT Perils	\$100,000 (2)
including Boiler & Machinery (3)	07/01/2021 - 07/01/2022	\$1,483,750,000 Various Sublimits Apply	\$100,000 (2)
Automobile Physical Damage (Self-Insured)	07/01/2021 - 07/01/2022	Actual Cash Value	Varies
Property Engineering and Administrative Fees (4)	07/01/2021 - 07/01/2022	N/A	N/A
Fine Arts, including Library Values	07/01/2021 - 07/01/2022	\$350,000,000 library values, any one loss \$100,000,000 fine art any one loss \$25,000,000 fine art any one transit \$25,000,000 fine art any one exhibition \$20,000,000 unscheduled items, any one	Fine Arts
Terrorism, including Active Assailant & SRCC	07/01/2021 - 07/01/2022	\$100,000,000 \$500,000,000	5100 000
GROUP CASUALTY PROGRAM	07/04/2024 07/04/2022	¢4 000 000 (F)	¢100.000
IUC-RMIC Casualty Self-Insurance Pool (5)	07/01/2021 - 07/01/2022	\$1,000,000 (5)	\$100,000
Deductible Paybacks (Carl Warren Claims)	07/01/2021 - 07/01/2022	N/A	N/A
IUC-RMIC General Liability MOC	07/01/2021 - 07/01/2022	\$15,000,000(6)	\$100,000
IUC-RMIC Automobile Liability MOC	07/01/2021 - 07/01/2022	\$15,000,000(6)	\$100,000
IUC-RMIC Educators Legal Liability MOC	07/01/2021 - 07/01/2022	\$15,000,000(6)	\$100,000
1st Excess General & Automobile Liability	07/01/2021 - 07/01/2022	\$20,000,000 excess \$15,000,000	N/A
1st Excess Educators Legal Liability	07/01/2021 - 07/01/2022	\$20,000,000 excess \$15,000,000	N/A
Casualty Administrative Fees (7)	07/01/2021 - 07/01/2022	N/A	N/A
Member Loss Control Funds  OTHER GROUP COVERAGES	07/01/2021 - 07/01/2022	N/A	N/A
Crime	07/01/2021 - 07/01/2022	\$5,000,000	\$100,000
Cyber Liability/Breach Response	07/01/2021 - 07/01/2022	\$5,000,000	\$100,000
Excess Social Engineering (8)	07/01/2021 - 07/01/2022	\$3,000,000	Follow Form X/S
Fiduciary Liability	07/01/2021 - 07/01/2022	\$5,000,000	\$100,000 except- \$500,000 class action
Foreign Package Liability	07/01/2021 - 07/01/2024	\$1,000,000	Nil
International Travel Assistance Services - ISOS (9)	07/01/2020 - 07/01/2023	N/A	(10)
Medical Malpractice (10)	07/01/2021 - 07/01/2022	\$1,000,000 / \$3,000,000 \$2,000,000 / \$2,000,000	\$25,000
Pollution (11)	07/01/2021 - 07/01/2024	\$5,000,000 Each Incident \$15,000,000 Aggregate (3-yr term)	\$50,000 (12)
Special Accident (12)	07/01/2019 - 07/01/2022	\$20,000,000	Nil

The University has an international travel comprehensive services assistance plan. The plan covers medical, security, and traveler assistance.

On July 1, 2020, the University enter into an agreement with Cincinnati State Technical and Community College, Clark State Community College, and Southern State Community College to establish a joint self-insurance program for the provision of health care benefits to the eligible employees of each school and their eligible dependents (the "Program") under authority of Ohio Revised Code Section 9.833. The Program shall provide cooperatively for the provision of group employee benefits, which may include without limitation medical, prescription drug, dental, vision, flexible spending accounts, wellness, and other benefits and

# **Note 14 – Risk Management (Continued)**

services necessary to operate the Program, solely for eligible participants of the public colleges and university adopting the Program.

The University maintained a self-insured healthcare plan that ended June 30, 2020.

Changes in the self-insurance claims liability for the years ended June 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020 are summarized as follows:

	2022		2021	2020		
Accrued claims liability - Beginning of year	\$	405,767	\$ 233,187	\$	284,468	
Current year claims		4,734,098	5,143,988		3,482,867	
Claims payments		(4,749,998)	 (4,971,408)		(3,534,148)	
Accrued claims liability - End of year	\$	389,867	\$ 405,767	\$	233,187	

The liability amounts above are recorded in accrued wages and benefits on the statement of net position.

Workers' compensation benefits are provided through the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation. Under Ohio's laws, there are no policy limits or cap on these benefits so long as treatment and compensation arise from the allowed conditions in a claim. There has been no significant change in coverage from last year.

# **Note 15 - Component Unit Disclosure**

# Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements of the Foundation have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. No modifications have been made to the Foundation's financial information in the University's financial reporting entity for these differences.

# Net Assets

Net assets with donor restrictions are resources that are restricted by a donor for use for a particular purpose or in a particular future period. Net assets without donor restrictions are resources available to support operations. Net assets with donor restrictions at June 30, 2022 and 2021 are restricted primarily for scholarships, university programs, and capital improvements.

# **Note 15 - Component Unit Disclosure (Continued)**

# Contribution Revenue

Contributions, including unconditional promises to give, are recognized as revenue in the period the related commitments are received. Conditional promises to give are not recognized until they become unconditional, that is, when the conditions on which they depend are substantially met. Contributions of assets other than cash are recorded at their estimated fair value. Contributions to be received beyond the fiscal year are discounted at an appropriate discount rate.

# Investments

Foundation investments are stated at fair value, with changes in fair value being recognized as gains and losses during the period in which they occur.

The fair value of investments at June 30, 2022 and 2021, by classification, is as follows:

	 2022	2021
U.S. government securities Foreign bond issues Mutual funds:	\$ 1,616,958 399,734	\$ 1,528,742 491,588
Equity Fixed income Corporate bond issues	12,146,527 2,623,894 1,521,629	14,219,458 3,463,572 1,718,311
Common Stock Limited Partnership	17,051 46,582	- 46,582
Total	\$ 18,372,375	\$ 21,468,253

# **Note 15 - Component Unit Disclosure (Continued)**

# Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis at June 30, 2022

Assets	ı	uoted Prices in Active Markets for ntical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Und	significant observable Inputs (Level 3)	 Balance at June 30, 2022
U.S. government securities	\$	1,616,958	\$-		\$-		\$ 1,616,958
Mutual funds:							
Equity		12,146,527		-		-	12,146,527
Fixed income		2,623,894		-		-	2,623,894
Common Stock:							
Domestic		17,051					17,051
Foreign bond issues		-		399,734		-	399,734
Corporate bond issues		-		1,521,629		-	1,521,629
Beneficial interest in trusts		-		-		789,640	789,640
practical expedient:							
Partnership						-	46,582
Total assets	\$	16,404,430	\$	1,921,363	\$	789,640	\$ 19,162,015

# Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis at June 30, 2021

Assets	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Balance at June 30, 2021
U.S. government securities	\$ 1,528,742	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,528,742
Mutual funds: Equity	14,219,458			14,219,458
Fixed income	3,463,572	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	3,463,572
Foreign bond issues	-	491,588	-	491,588
Corporate bond issues	-	1,718,311	-	1,718,311
Beneficial interest in trusts	-	-	953,289	953,289
Measured using NAV as a practical expedient:				
Partnership	-	-	-	46,582
Total assets	\$ 19,211,772	\$ 2,209,899	\$ 953,289	\$ 22,421,542

# **Note 15 - Component Unit Disclosure (Continued)**

# Fixed Assets

Property and equipment consist of the following:

	2022	2021
Land	\$ 2,011,200	\$ 2,011,200
Equipment and furniture	81,202	81,202
Buildings	8,942,735	8,942,735
Construction in progress	2,541,573	302,123
Total property and equipment	13,576,710	 11,337,260
Accumulated depreciation	1,809,124	1,575,048
	<del></del>	
Net property and equipment	\$ 11,767,586	\$ 9,762,212

### Debt

The Foundation entered into a \$4,500,000 note with an interest rate of 5.0 percent payable to Hatcher Real Estate, LLC for the purchase of the Fourth Street Properties. The note is secured by the land and buildings. This note is payable in monthly installments of \$29,698. The payments are based on a 20-year amortization schedule and include a balloon payment due at maturity on February 25, 2019 for the remaining balance. The Foundation exercised an option to extend the maturity date for a two-year period to February 25, 2021, then exercised a second option to extend the maturity date to February 25, 2028. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the outstanding principal balance of the note was \$3,145,291 and \$3,339,113, respectively.

On August 17, 2017, the Foundation entered into a \$400,000 note with an interest rate of 5.0 percent payable to Burg DMI, LLC to purchase property at 221 Chillicothe Street. The note is secured by the land and building. This note requires monthly interest only payments for forty-eight months with the total principal due no later than August 17, 2021. The balance of this note was paid in full on September 2, 2020.

# Related Party Transactions

The Foundation made distributions to, or on behalf of, the University of \$1,405,972 during the year ended June 30, 2022 and \$1,000,416 during the year ended June 30, 2021. Administrative expenses of \$245,673 in fiscal year 2022 and \$289,704

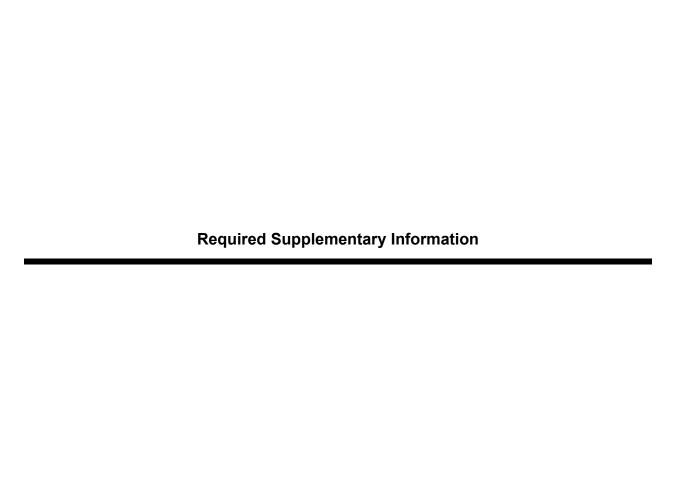
# **Note 15 - Component Unit Disclosure (Continued)**

in fiscal year 2021 were reimbursed to Shawnee State University for direct costs, including an allocation of salary and benefits, incurred in the management of the Foundation's and University's endowment funds.

The Foundation leases building space to Shawnee State University for the use of educational facilities. The outstanding lease due under this arrangement was \$15,499 and \$17,668 as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and is reflected as a lease receivable in the Foundation's statements of net assets.

The Foundation passed through federal grants to the University, the administrative agent for the grants, in the amount of \$377,304 and \$330,485 during the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The Foundation has recorded a grant payable to the University at June 30, 2022 and 2021 in the amount of \$196,147 and \$177,236.

Complete financial statements for the Foundation can be obtained from the Shawnee State University Development Foundation, Inc. at 940 Second Street, Portsmouth, Ohio 45662.



# Schedule of University's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedule of University Pension Contributions

Driversity's proportion of the collective net pension liability:   As a percentage	STRS Schedule of the University's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension															
University's proportion of the collective net pension liability: As a percentage  \$ 0.0088%	Liability		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016	2015
Anount \$11,261,008 2 22,335,948 \$ 0,045,008 \$ 0,059,008 \$ 0,1057,009 \$ 0,11182% \$ 0,1050,009 \$ 0,11182% \$ 0,1050,009 \$ 11,261,008 \$ 11,261,008 \$ 22,335,948 \$ 2,024,008 \$ 2,191,679 \$ 2,516,191,86 \$ 3,748,095 \$ 3,025,685 \$ 27,009,665 \$ 17,009,609 \$ 10,000,009 \$ 13,596,142 \$ 11,436,893 \$ 10,440,100 \$ 100,000 \$ 13,596,142 \$ 11,436,893 \$ 10,440,100 \$ 100,000 \$ 13,596,142 \$ 11,436,893 \$ 10,440,100 \$ 100,000 \$ 13,596,142 \$ 11,436,893 \$ 10,440,100 \$ 100,000 \$ 13,596,142 \$ 11,436,893 \$ 10,440,100 \$ 100,000 \$ 13,596,142 \$ 11,436,893 \$ 10,440,100 \$ 100,000 \$ 13,596,142 \$ 11,436,893 \$ 10,440,100 \$ 100,000 \$ 10,																
Manual	University's proportion of the collective net pension liability:															
University's covered employee payroll   \$ 1,478,014   \$ 1,782,043   \$ 11,150,686   \$ 10,747,943   \$ 11,360,000   \$ 13,596,142   \$ 11,468,683   \$ 10,440,1000   \$ 10,478,014   \$ 1,466,922   \$ 1,474,045   \$ 1,474,045   \$ 1,474,045   \$ 1,474,045   \$ 1,486,823   \$ 10,440,1000   \$ 1,466,922   \$ 1,534,798   \$ 1,515,686   \$ 10,477,194   \$ 1,516,040   \$ 1,504,712   \$ 1,504,000   \$ 1,53,961,42   \$ 1,146,839   \$ 10,440,1000   \$ 1,046,920   \$ 1,046,920   \$ 1,046,920   \$ 1,046,920   \$ 1,046,740   \$ 1,0000   \$ 1,00000   \$ 1,000000   \$ 1,00000000000000000000000000000000000	As a percentage								0.0999%							0.11347%
University's proportionate share of the collective pension liability. as a percentage of the total pension liability.   87.80%   75.50%   77.40%   77.30%   77.30%   77.30%   66.78%   72.10%   74.71%		\$	11,261,080	\$		\$	20,245,020	\$						\$		\$ 27,600,967
the University's covered employee payroll  University's proportion of the collective net pension liability:  2022  2021  2020  2019  2018  2018  2017  2016  2015  University's proportion of the collective net pension liability:  An a percentage and a secretage of the total pension liability:  An a percentage and a secretage of the collective net pension liability:  An a percentage and a secretage and a secretage of the collective net pension liability:  An a percentage and a secretage and		\$	10,478,014	\$	8,792,043	\$	11,153,686	\$	10,747,943	\$	11,360,000	\$	13,596,142	\$	11,436,893	\$ 10,440,100
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability   87.80%   75.50%   77.40%   77.30%   77.30%   66.78%   72.10%   74.71%			107.47%		254.05%		181.51%		204.43%		221.03%		275.31%		264.89%	264.37%
DPERS Schedule of the University's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension   Liability			87.80%	H	75.50%		77.40%		77.30%		77.30%		66.78%		72.10%	74.71%
University's proportion of the collective net pension liability:	That industry not position as a porsonage of the total periods industry	-	07.0070		70.0070		11.1070	_	11.0070		77.0070		00.7070		12.1070	7 1.7 170
2022   2021   2020   2019   2018   2017   2016   2015	OPERS Schedule of the University's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension															
University's proportion of the collective net pension liability:  As a percentage  Amount  S 5,109,974 \$ 8,717,478 \$ 12,896,955 \$ 19,890,124 \$ 11,1390,348 \$ 18,089,973 \$ 14,649,733 \$ 10,394,785 \$ 10,394,785 \$ 10,567,467 \$ 10,333,800 \$ 9,138,007 \$ 10,994,675 \$ 10,394,785 \$ 10,567,467 \$ 10,333,800 \$ 9,138,007 \$ 10,994,675 \$ 10,394,785 \$ 10,967,467 \$ 10,333,800 \$ 9,138,007 \$ 10,994,675 \$ 10,394,785 \$ 10,967,467 \$ 10,333,800 \$ 9,138,007 \$ 10,994,675 \$ 10,394,785 \$ 10,967,467 \$ 10,333,800 \$ 9,138,007 \$ 10,994,675 \$ 10,994,67	Liability															
As a percentage \$ 0.0661% \$ 0.0555% \$ 0.0660% \$ 0.0660% \$ 0.0660% \$ 0.07287% \$ 0.07376% \$ 0.08468% \$ 0.07387% \$ 0.07376% \$ 0.08463% \$ Amount \$ \$ 5.109,974 \$ \$ 5.109,974 \$ \$ 12,986,955 \$ 18,960,124 \$ 11,380,348 \$ 18,089,973 \$ 14,849,733 \$ 10,947,870 \$ 10,952% \$ 10,967,457 \$ 10,333,800 \$ 9,138,607 \$ 10,894,207 \$ 10,894,207 \$ 10,992,603 \$ 10,697,457 \$ 10,333,800 \$ 10,947,457 \$ 10,333,800 \$ 10,947,470 \$ 10,949,603 \$ 10,949,603 \$ 10,949,470 \$ 10,13% \$ 197,95% \$ 10,894,207 \$ 10,894,207 \$ 10,949,603 \$ 10,949,470 \$ 10,13% \$ 197,95% \$ 13,447% \$ 95,37% \$ 10,949,470 \$ 10,949,470 \$ 10,949,603 \$ 10,949,470 \$ 10,949,470 \$ 10,949,470 \$ 10,949,470 \$ 10,949,470 \$ 10,949,470 \$ 11,949,470 \$	<del></del>		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016	2015
As a percentage \$ 0.0661% \$ 0.0555% \$ 0.0660% \$ 0.0660% \$ 0.0660% \$ 0.07287% \$ 0.07376% \$ 0.08468% \$ 0.07387% \$ 0.07376% \$ 0.08463% \$ Amount \$ \$ 5.109,974 \$ \$ 5.109,974 \$ \$ 12,986,955 \$ 18,960,124 \$ 11,380,348 \$ 18,089,973 \$ 14,849,733 \$ 10,947,870 \$ 10,952% \$ 10,967,457 \$ 10,333,800 \$ 9,138,607 \$ 10,894,207 \$ 10,894,207 \$ 10,992,603 \$ 10,697,457 \$ 10,333,800 \$ 10,947,457 \$ 10,333,800 \$ 10,947,470 \$ 10,949,603 \$ 10,949,603 \$ 10,949,470 \$ 10,13% \$ 197,95% \$ 10,894,207 \$ 10,894,207 \$ 10,949,603 \$ 10,949,470 \$ 10,13% \$ 197,95% \$ 13,447% \$ 95,37% \$ 10,949,470 \$ 10,949,470 \$ 10,949,603 \$ 10,949,470 \$ 10,949,470 \$ 10,949,470 \$ 10,949,470 \$ 10,949,470 \$ 10,949,470 \$ 11,949,470 \$																
Amount	University's proportion of the collective net pension liability:															
University's covered employee payroll \$ 9,620,921 \$ 10,962,843 \$ 9,748,350 \$ 10,567,457 \$ 10,333,800 \$ 9,138,607 \$ 10,894,207 \$ 10,899,653 University's proportionate share of the collective pension liability, as a percentage of the University's covered employee payroll 93.11% 79,52% 133.22% 179,42% 110,13% 197,95% 134.47% 95.37% the University's covered employee payroll 87.11% 82.44% 74.91% 84.85% 77.39% 81.19% 86.53% 87.21% 82.44% 74.91% 84.85% 77.39% 81.19% 86.53% 87.21% 82.44% 74.91% 84.85% 77.39% 81.19% 86.53% 87.21% 82.44%	As a percentage		0.0601%		0.0595%		0.0660%		0.0694%		0.07287%		0.07976%		0.08469%	0.08633%
University's proportionate share of the collective pension liability, as a percentage of the University sovered employee payroll   53.11%   79.52%   133.22%   179.42%   110.13%   197.95%   134.47%   95.37%   197.95%   134.47%   95.37%   197.95%   134.47%   95.37%   197.95%   134.47%   95.37%   197.95%   134.47%   197.95%   134.47%   95.37%   197.95%   134.47%   197.95%   134.47%   197.95%   134.47%   197.95%   134.47%   197.95%   134.47%   197.95%   134.47%   197.95%   134.47%   197.95%   134.47%   137.95%   134.95%   13		\$	5,109,974	\$		\$	12,986,955	\$	18,960,124	\$	11,380,348	\$	18,089,973	\$		\$ 10,394,787
the University's covered employee payroll  93.1178  93.178  93.179  93		\$	9,620,921	\$	10,962,843	\$	9,748,350	\$	10,567,457	\$	10,333,800	\$	9,138,607	\$	10,894,207	\$ 10,899,653
the University's covered employee payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability  2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015  Statutorily required contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contractually required contributions  \$ 1,466,922 \$ 1,534,798 \$ 1,561,516 \$ 1,504,712 \$ 1,590,400 \$ 1,574,598 \$ 1,655,224 \$ 1,623,157  Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contractually required contribution  \$ 1,466,922 \$ 1,534,798 \$ 1,561,516 \$ 1,504,712 \$ 1,590,400 \$ 1,574,598 \$ 1,655,224 \$ 1,623,157  Contribution deficiency (excess)  \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$			53 11%		79 52%		133 22%		179 42%		110 13%		197 95%		134 47%	95 37%
STRS Schedule of University Pension Contributions   2022   2021   2020   2019   2018   2017   2016   2015																
Statutorily required contribution	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		93.01%		87.21%		82.44%		74.91%		84.85%		77.39%		81.19%	86.53%
Statutorily required contribution																
Statutorily required contribution \$ 1,466,922 \$ 1,534,798 \$ 1,561,516 \$ 1,504,712 \$ 1,590,400 \$ 1,574,598 \$ 1,655,224 \$ 1,623,157 Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contractually required \$ 1,466,922 \$ 1,534,798 \$ 1,561,516 \$ 1,504,712 \$ 1,590,400 \$ 1,574,598 \$ 1,655,224 \$ 1,623,157 Contribution deficiency (excess) \$ 1,466,922 \$ 1,534,798 \$ 1,561,516 \$ 1,504,712 \$ 1,590,400 \$ 1,574,598 \$ 1,655,224 \$ 1,623,157 Contribution deficiency (excess) \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . \$	STRS Schedule of University Pension Contributions															
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contractually required contribution \$ 1,466,922 \$ 1,534,798 \$ 1,561,516 \$ 1,504,712 \$ 1,590,400 \$ 1,574,598 \$ 1,655,224 \$ 1,623,157 Contribution officiency (excess) \$ \$ - \$			2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016	2015
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contractually required contribution \$ 1,466,922 \$ 1,534,798 \$ 1,561,516 \$ 1,504,712 \$ 1,590,400 \$ 1,574,598 \$ 1,655,224 \$ 1,623,157 Contribution officiency (excess) \$ \$ - \$	Ctatutarily required contribution	•	1 466 000	•	1 524 700	•	1 EC1 E1C	e	1 504 712	•	1 500 400	•	1 574 500	•	1 655 004	£ 1.603.1E7
Second properties   Seco		Ť	, , .	φ	,,	_	, ,	Ą	- / /	_		Ė	,. ,	φ	,,	
Contribution deficiency (excess) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$		\$	1,466,922	\$	1,534,798	\$	1,561,516	\$	1,504,712	\$	1,590,400	\$	1,574,598	\$	1,655,224	\$ 1,623,157
Second Exployee payroll   Second Explose Payroll   Second Explo		\$		s		\$		\$		s		\$	-	s		\$ -
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll   14.00%   14.0			10.478.014	-				\$			11.360.000		11.247.129		11.823.029	\$ 11.593.979
OPERS Schedule of University Pension Contributions         2022         2021         2022         2019         2018         2017         2016         2015           Statutorily required contribution         \$ 1,346,929         \$ 1,230,886         \$ 1,364,769         \$ 1,479,444         \$ 1,446,721         \$ 1,279,405         \$ 1,495,704         \$ 1,534,786           Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contractually required contribution         \$ 1,346,929         \$ 1,230,886         \$ 1,364,769         \$ 1,479,444         \$ 1,446,721         \$ 1,279,405         \$ 1,495,704         \$ 1,534,786           Contribution         \$ 1,346,929         \$ 1,230,886         \$ 1,364,769         \$ 1,479,444         \$ 1,446,721         \$ 1,279,405         \$ 1,495,704         \$ 1,534,786           Contribution deficiency (excess)         \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -		Ė		Ė		_		Ė		_	14.00%	Ė		_		14.00%
2022         2021         2020         2019         2018         2017         2016         2015           Statutorily required contribution         \$ 1,346,929         \$ 1,230,886         \$ 1,364,769         \$ 1,479,444         \$ 1,446,721         \$ 1,299,405         \$ 1,495,704         \$ 1,534,786           Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contractually required contribution         \$ 1,346,929         \$ 1,230,886         \$ 1,364,769         \$ 1,449,444         \$ 1,446,721         \$ 1,279,405         \$ 1,495,704         \$ 1,534,786           Contribution deficiency (excess)         \$ -		•														
2022         2021         2020         2019         2018         2017         2016         2015           Statutorily required contribution         \$ 1,346,929         \$ 1,230,886         \$ 1,364,769         \$ 1,479,444         \$ 1,446,721         \$ 1,299,405         \$ 1,495,704         \$ 1,534,786           Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contractually required contribution         \$ 1,346,929         \$ 1,230,886         \$ 1,364,769         \$ 1,449,444         \$ 1,446,721         \$ 1,279,405         \$ 1,495,704         \$ 1,534,786           Contribution deficiency (excess)         \$ -	OPERS Schedule of University Pension Contributions															
Statutorily required contribution \$ 1,346,929 \$ 1,230,886 \$ 1,364,769 \$ 1,479,444 \$ 1,446,721 \$ 1,279,405 \$ 1,495,704 \$ 1,534,786 Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contractually required \$ 1,346,929 \$ 1,230,886 \$ 1,364,769 \$ 1,479,444 \$ 1,446,721 \$ 1,279,405 \$ 1,495,704 \$ 1,534,786 Contribution (Contribution deficiency (excess) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$			2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016	2015
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contractually required contribution  \$ 1,346,929 \$ 1,230,886 \$ 1,364,769 \$ 1,479,444 \$ 1,446,721 \$ 1,279,405 \$ 1,495,704 \$ 1,534,786   Contribution deficiency (excess) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 5																
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contractually required contribution  \$ 1,346,929 \$ 1,230,886 \$ 1,364,769 \$ 1,479,444 \$ 1,446,721 \$ 1,279,405 \$ 1,495,704 \$ 1,534,786   Contribution deficiency (excess) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 5	Statutorily required contribution	\$	1,346,929	\$	1,230,886	\$	1,364,769	\$	1,479,444	\$	1,446,721	\$	1,279,405	\$	1,495,704	\$ 1,534,786
contribution         \$ <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>1 246 020</td><td></td><td>1 220 006</td><td>•</td><td>1 264 760</td><td>4</td><td>1 470 444</td><td></td><td>1 446 704</td><td>,</td><td>1 270 405</td><td></td><td>1 40E 704</td><td>¢ 1 524 706</td></t<>			1 246 020		1 220 006	•	1 264 760	4	1 470 444		1 446 704	,	1 270 405		1 40E 704	¢ 1 524 706
Covered employee payroll \$ 9,620,921 \$ 10,962,843 \$ 9,748,350 \$ 10,567,457 \$ 10,333,800 \$ 9,138,607 \$ 10,683,600 \$ 10,962,757		Ф	1,346,929	٥	1,230,886	Ф	1,304,769	Ф	1,479,444	à	1,440,721	Φ	1,279,405	à	1,495,704	φ 1,034,786
		\$	-	\$		\$		\$			-	\$	-		-	
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll 14.00% 14.00% 14.00% 14.00% 14.00% 14.00% 14.00% 14.00% 14.00%		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		
	Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		14.00%		14.00%		14.00%		14.00%		14.00%		14.00%		14.00%	14.00%

# Notes to Required Supplementary Information Year Ended June 30, 2022

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes in benefit terms affecting the STRS and OPERS plans.

# Changes of assumptions.

STRS: During the plan year ended June 30, 2021, the investment rate of return decreased from 7.45 percent to 7.00 percent.

During the plan year ended June 30, 2017, there were changes to several assumptions for STRS. The cost-of-living adjustment dropped from 2.00 percent to 0.00 percent. The wage inflation dropped from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent. The investment rate of return decreased from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. The mortality tables used changed from RP-2000 to RP-2014.

OPERS: During the plan year ended December 31, 2021, there were changes to several assumptions for OPERS. The discount rate was reduced from 7.20 percent to 6.90 percent. The wage inflation dropped from 3.25 percent to 2.75 percent. The projected salary increase range changed from 3.25-10.75 percent to 2.75-10.75 percent. The experience study changed from the 5-year period ended December 31, 2015 to the 5-year period ended December 31, 2020. The mortality tables used changed from RP-2014 to PUB-2010.

During the plan year ended December 31, 2018, the discount rate was reduced from 7.5 percent to 7.2 percent.

During the plan year ended December 31, 2016, there were changes to several assumptions for OPERS. The wage inflation dropped from 3.75 percent to 3.25 percent. The projected salary increase range changed from 4.25-10.05 percent to 3.25-10.75 percent. The mortality tables used changed from RP-2000 to RP-2014.

# Schedule of University's Proportionate Share of the Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Liability and Schedule of University OPEB Contributions

University's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability:   As a percentage	STRS Schedule of the University's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB										
University's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability:   As a percentage	<u>Liability</u>		2022		2024		2020		2010		2019
As a percentage Amount S1857,000 AS1,622,000 AS1,616,000 AS1,616,0			2022		<u> 202 I</u>		2020		<u>2019</u>		2016
Amount	University's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability:										
Inhiestry's covered payroll	As a percentage						0.0916%				
University's proportionate share of the collective OPEB liability, as a percentage of the University's covered payroll   174.70%   182.10%   174.70%   174.70%   176.00%   47.11%							, , ,				
Inhiersity's covered payroll   (17.2%)   (18.49%)   (13.59%)   (14.9%)   36.30%   20.00%   20.00%   47.11%			\$10,478,014		\$8,792,043		\$11,153,686		\$10,747,943	\$	11,360,000
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability			(17.72%)		(18.45%)		(13.59%)		(14.94%)		36.30%
Deep Schedule of the University's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB   Liability   2022   2021   2020   2019   2018			174.70%		182.10%		174.70%		176.00%		47.11%
Linkersity's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability:   As a percentage		1									
Driversity's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability:   As a percentage											
University's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability:   As a percentage	<u>Liability</u>										
As a percentage			2022		<u>2021</u>		2020		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>
As a percentage	University's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability:										
University's covered payroll	As a percentage		0.0601%		0.0572%		0.0633%		0.0669%		0.07287%
University's proportionate share of the collective OPEB liability, as a percentage of the   (18.81%)   (9.29%)   89.71%   82.49%   74.03%	Amount		-\$1,809,946		-\$1,018,280		\$8,745,723		\$8,716,574	\$	7,650,350
University's covered payroll   Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability   128.23%   115.57%   47.80%   46.33%   54.14%      STRS Schedule of University Contributions   2022   2021   2020   2019   2018      Statutorily required contribution   \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$	University's covered payroll		\$9,620,921		\$10,962,843		\$9,748,350		\$10,567,457	\$	10,333,800
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability   128.23%   115.57%   47.80%   46.33%   54.14%			(18.81%)		(9.29%)		89.71%		82.49%		74.03%
Statutorily required contribution   \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$	University's covered payroll		400.000/		445 570/		47.000/		40.000/		54.440/
Statutorily required contribution	Plan floudiary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		128.23%		115.57%		47.80%		46.33%		54.14%
Statutorily required contribution	STRS Schedule of University Contributions										
Statutorily required contribution   \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$   Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contractually required contribution   \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$   Contribution   \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$   Contribution   \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$   Contribution   \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$   Contribution   \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$   Contribution   \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$   Contribution   \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$   Contribution   \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$   Contribution   \$ - \$ - \$ - \$   Contribution   \$ - \$ - \$ - \$   Contribution   \$ - \$ - \$   Contribution   \$ - \$ - \$   Contribution   \$ - \$ - \$   Contribution   \$ - \$ - \$ - \$   Contribution   \$ - \$ - \$	OTTO CONCLUSIO OF CHITCHISTY CONTRIBUTIONS		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contractually required contribution   \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$					<del></del>		<del></del>				
Contribution   S		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contribution deficiency (excess)	1 ' ' '	\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	
Covered payroll   \$10,478,014   \$8,792,043   \$11,153,686   \$10,747,943   \$11,360,000   Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll   0.00%   0.		Ţ,		·						Ė	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll         0.00%         0.	, , ,		-	\$		\$		\$	-		-
OPERS Schedule of University Contributions           2022         2021         2020         2019         2018           Statutorily required contribution         \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 64,689           Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contractually required contribution         \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 64,689           Contribution deficiency (excess)         \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -										\$	
Statutorily required contribution	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Statutorily required contribution	OPERS Schedule of University Contributions										
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contractually required contribution         \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 64,689           Contribution deficiency (excess)         \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$           Covered payroll         \$9,620,921         \$10,962,843         \$9,748,350         \$10,567,457         \$ 10,333,800			2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contractually required contribution         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ 64,689           Contribution deficiency (excess)         \$ -	Statutorily required contribution	T ¢	1	Ф	1	Ф		¢		¢	64 690
contribution         " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "			-	÷					-	÷	,,,,,
Contribution deficiency (excess)         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -           Covered payroll         \$9,620,921         \$10,962,843         \$9,748,350         \$10,567,457         \$ 10,333,800		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	64,689
Covered payroll \$9,620,921 \$10,962,843 \$9,748,350 \$10,567,457 \$ 10,333,800		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.63%			\$9,620,921		\$10,962,843		\$9,748,350		\$10,567,457	\$	10,333,800
	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.63%

# Notes to Required Supplementary Information Year Ended June 30, 2022

Changes of benefit terms. There were no significant changes in benefit terms affecting the STRS and OPERS plans for the plan years ended June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2021, respectively.

# Changes of assumptions.

STRS: During the plan year ended June 30, 2021, the investment rate of return decreased from 7.45 percent to 7.00 percent. The health care cost trend rates also decreased from 4.93 percent to 9.62 percent initial and 4.00 percent ultimate for plan year ended June 30, 2020, to 16.20 percent to 30.00 percent initial and 4 percent ultimate for plan year ended June 30, 2021.

During the plan year ended June 30, 2018, there were changes to several assumptions for STRS. The health care cost trend rates decreased from 6.00 percent to 11.00 percent initial and 4.50 percent ultimate for plan year ended June 30, 2017, to (5.23) percent to 9.62 percent initial and 4 percent ultimate for plan year ended June 30, 2018. The discount rate increased from a blended rate between the long-term expected rate of return and a 20-year municipal bond rate of 4.13 percent to the investment rate of return of 7.45 percent based on the cash flow analysis.

OPERS: During the year ended December 31, 2021, there were changes to several assumptions for OPERS. The experience study changed from the 5-year period ended December 31, 2015 to the 5-year period ended December 31, 2020. The municipal bond rate decreased from 2.00 percent to 1.84 percent. Wage inflation decreased from 3.25 percent to 2.75 percent. The projected salary increase range changed from 3.25-10.75 percent to 2.75-10.75 percent. Health care cost trend rate decreased from 8.50 percent initial, 3.50 percent ultimate in 2034.

During the plan year ended December 31, 2020, there were changes to several assumptions for OPERS. The health care cost trend rates decreased from 10.5 percent initial and 3.50 percent ultimate to 8.5 percent initial and 3.50 percent ultimate. The discount rate was increased from 3.16 percent to 6.00 percent.

During the plan year ended December 31, 2019, there were changes to several assumptions for OPERS. The health care cost trend rates decreased from 10.0 percent initial and 3.25 percent ultimate to 10.5 percent initial and 3.5 percent ultimate. The discount rate was reduced from 3.96 percent to 3.16 percent.

# Supplementary Information



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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* 

### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To Management and the Board of Trustees Shawnee State University

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of Shawnee State University (the "University"), a component unit of the State of Ohio, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 14, 2022.

# **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the University's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the University's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

# **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the University's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



To Management and the Board of Trustees Shawnee State University

# **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the University's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

October 14, 2022



Suite 100 250 S. High Street Columbus, OH 43215 Tel: 614.849.3000 Fax: 614.221.3535 plantemoran.com

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Board of Trustees Shawnee State University

# Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

# Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Shawnee State University's (the "University") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the University's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The University's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the University complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of the major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

# Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (the "Uniform Guidance"). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the University and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the University's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the University's federal programs.



# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the University's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the University's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
  perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
  evidence regarding the University's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and
  performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the University's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to
  design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control
  over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion
  on the effectiveness of the University's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

### Other Matter

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as Findings 2022-001 and 2022-002. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to this matter.

Government Auditing Standards require the auditor to perform limited procedures on the University's responses to the noncompliance findings identified in our compliance audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The University's responses were not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance, and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

# **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance, and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses and a significant deficiency.

To the Board of Trustees Shawnee State University

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as Findings 2022-001 and 2022-002 to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as Finding 2022-003 to be a significant deficiency.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Government Auditing Standards require the auditor to perform limited procedures on the University's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The University's responses were not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance, and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Flante & Morsa, PLLC

October 14, 2022

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Agency/Pass-through Agency/Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Total Amount provided to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture - Passed through Ohio Department of Education:				
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	16-CU, 21-CU, 21- FU	\$ -	\$ 32,383
U.S. Department of Commerce - Economic Development Cluster -				
Economic Adjustment Assistance	11.307	N/A	-	1,765,359
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services - CCDF Cluster - Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	N/A	-	58,910
U.S. Department of Education:				
Student Financial Assistance Cluster:				
Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (SEOG)	84.007	N/A	-	53,475
Federal College Work Study	84.033	N/A	-	114,729
Federal Pell Grant Program	84.063	N/A	-	5,255,263
Federal Direct Loan Program	84.268	N/A	-	11,031,178
Teacher Education Assistance for College & Higher Education (TEACH)	84.379	N/A		75,534
Total Student Financial Assistance Cluster			-	16,530,179
TRIO Cluster:				
Educational Opportunity Centers	84.066A	N/A	-	453,811
Upward Bound Math Science	84.047M	N/A		302,528
Total TRIO Cluster			-	756,339
Special Education (IDEA) Cluster:				
Passed through the Ohio Dept of Education:				
Special Education Grants to States - TVI Collaborative	84.027	N/A	-	592,194
Special Education Grants to States - Deaf/Hard of Hearing	84.027	N/A		515,903
Total Special Education (IDEA) Cluster			-	1,108,097
Higher Education Institutional Aid	84.031A	N/A	-	86,828
Passed through the Ohio Dept of Education:				
Twenty-first Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	016863	-	622,225
Striving Readers	84.371C	N/A	-	107,464
Special Education - State Personnel Development	84.323A	N/A	-	2,700
Education Stabilization Fund:				
COVID-19: Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund (HEERF) - Student Aid	84.425E	N/A	-	4,860,250
COVID-19: Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund (HEERF) - Institutional Portion	84.425F	N/A	-	3,589,287
COVID-19: Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund (HEERF) - Strengthening Institutions	84.425M	N/A	-	400,000
Passed through the Ohio Department of Education:			-	
COVID-19: Governor's Emergency Education Relief Funds (GEER)	84.425C	N/A	-	109,126
COVID-19: American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER)	84.425U	N/A		87,975
Total Education Stabilization Fund				9,046,638
Total U.S. Department of Education			-	28,260,470

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Agency/Pass-through Agency/Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Total Amount provided to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Labor -	17.268	N/A	•	<b>.</b> 05 500
H-1B Job Training Grants - Ohio Manufacturing Workforce Partnership	17.208	N/A	\$ -	\$ 65,509
U.S. Appalachian Regional Commission - Appalachian Area Development	23.002	N/A	-	618,103
U.S. National Aeronautics and Space Administration - Space Technology	43.012	N/A	-	4,168
U.S. National Endowment for the Humanities:				
Promotion of the Arts Partnership Agreements	45.025	N/A	-	2,500
Promotion of the Arts Humanities Federal/State Partnership Grants to States	45.129 45.310	N/A N/A	-	1,750
Grants to States	45.310	IN/A		1,000
Total National Endowment for the Humanities			-	5,250
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services -				
Mental and Behavioral Health Education and Training Grants	93.732	N/A		138,467
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			-	197,377
U.S. Corporation for National and Community Service - AmeriCorps - Project Bear	94.006	N/A		229,865
Amenoups - Froject bear	94.006	IN/A		229,665
Total federal expenditures			<u> </u>	\$ 31,178,484

# Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year Ended June 30, 2022

# Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of Shawnee State University (the "University") and its discretely presented component unit, Shawnee State University Development Foundation, under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (the "Uniform Guidance"). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the University, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the University.

# **Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

Expenditures reported in the Schedule are reported on same basis of accounting as the basic financial statements. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. The pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

The University has elected not to use the 10 percent *de minimis* indirect cost rate to recover indirect costs, as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

# Note 3 - Federal Work-Study and Federal SEOG Waiver

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the University received a waiver from the U.S. Department of Education for the institutional share requirement under the Federal Work-Study and Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant (SEOG) programs.

# Note 4 - Federal Direct Loan Program

The University participates in the William D. Ford Direct Loan Program. The University originates the loans, which are then funded through the U.S. Department of Education.

# Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year Ended June 30, 2022

# Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

<b>Financial Statement</b>	ts						
Type of auditor's repo	ort issued:	Unmod	ified				
Internal control over f	inancial reporting:						
Material weakness	s(es) identified?		Yes	X	No		
	ncy(ies) identified that are I to be material weaknesses?		Yes	X	None reported		
Noncompliance mate statements noted?			Yes	X	None reported		
Federal Awards							
Internal control over r	major programs:						
Material weakness	s(es) identified?	X	Yes		No		
_	ncy(ies) identified that are I to be material weaknesses?	X	Yes		None reported		
	sclosed that are required to be reported in Section 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	X	_Yes		No		
Identification of major	r programs:						
Assistance Listing Number	Name of Federal Program or C	luster			Opinion		
84.007, 84.033, 84.063, 84.268, 84.379 84.425C, 84.425E, 84.425F,	Student Financial Assistance Cluster				Unmodified		
84.425M, 84.425U 11.307			Unmodified Unmodified				
Dollar threshold used type A and type B	l to distinguish between programs:	\$935,355					
Auditee qualified as lo	ow-risk auditee?		_Yes	X	No		

# **Section II - Financial Statement Audit Findings**

None

Year Ended June 30, 2022

# **Section III - Federal Program Audit Findings**

Reference Number	Finding
2022-001	Assistance Listing Number, Federal Agency, and Program Name - ALN Nos. 84.063 and 84.268; Department of Education; Federal Pell Grant Program and Federal Direct Loan Program
	Federal Award Identification Number and Year - N/A
	Pass-through Entity - N/A
	Finding Type - Material weakness and material noncompliance with laws and regulations
	Repeat Finding - Yes - 2021-003
	Criteria - Returns of Title IV funds are required to be deposited or transferred into the SFA

**Criteria** - Returns of Title IV funds are required to be deposited or transferred into the SFA account or electronic fund transfers initiated to the Department of Education (ED) as soon as possible, but no later than 45 days after the date the institution determines that the student withdrew (34 CFR 668.173(b)).

**Condition** - The University did not return Title IV funds to the Department of Education within the required time frame for certain students who required a return of funds, and it did not initially identify all students who required a return of Title IV funds.

# **Questioned Costs - None**

# Identification of How Questioned Costs Were Computed - N/A

**Context** - Of the 25 withdrawn students tested for proper return of Title IV funds, the funds for 7 students requiring a return were not returned to ED by the University within the required time frame. The 7 errors identified were for the summer and fall 2021 terms.

Additionally, it was noted that 3 students in the summer and fall 2021 terms who required a return of Title IV had not been identified by the University, consisting of a total return of \$5,581. The University ran an updated report that covered missing students and properly calculated and provided returns of Title IV aid for these students after identification as part of audit procedures; as such, there are no questioned costs.

Cause and Effect - The University had a change in personnel in the financial aid department and did not have a process in place to ensure calculations performed were processed and returned to ED within the required time frame. This led to returns of Title IV funds to ED being completed outside the required time frame, and/or students who required a return of Title IV funds were missed.

**Recommendation** - We recommend that the University institute a process to ensure that all returns of Title IV aid are calculated and returned within the required time frame.

Year Ended June 30, 2022

# **Section III - Federal Program Audit Findings (Continued)**

Reference Number	Finding
2022-001 (cont.)	Views of Responsible Officials and Corrective Action Plan - Upon notification of Finding No. 2021-003, a new R2T4 process was created for the spring 2022 academic term. This process consists of creating a new report to identify students who withdrew from all courses during each academic term. Once the R2T4 calculation is completed, the aid adjustment is made in the financial aid system and posted to the student's account the same day. The aid amounts are manually adjusted in COD.
	All audit errors related to Finding No. 2022-001 are from the summer 2021 and fall 2021 academic terms. There were no errors in the audit sample for spring 2022. The new procedure continues to be in place.

Year Ended June 30, 2022

# **Section III - Federal Program Audit Findings (Continued)**

Reference Number	Finding
2022-002	Assistance Listing Number, Federal Agency, and Program Name - ALN Nos. 84.063 and 84.268; Department of Education; Federal Pell Grant Program and Federal Direct Loan Program
	Federal Award Identification Number and Year - N/A
	Pass-through Entity - N/A
	Finding Type - Material weakness and material noncompliance with laws and regulations
	Repeat Finding - No

**Criteria** - Federal Pell Grant Program: An institution shall submit, in accordance with deadline dates established by the secretary, through publication in the Federal Register, other reports and information the secretary requires and shall comply with the procedures the secretary finds necessary to ensure that the reports are correct (34 CFR Section 690.83(b)(2)).

Federal Direct Student Loans: Changes in student status are required to be reported to the National Student Loan Data System (NSLDS) within 30 days of the change or included in a Student Status Confirmation Report (SSCR) sent to the NSLDS within 60 days of the status change (34 CFR Section 685.309(b)).

**Condition** - Shawnee State University did not report student status changes timely and accurately for certain students who graduated or withdrew during the year.

### **Questioned Costs - None**

### Identification of How Questioned Costs Were Computed - N/A

**Context** - Of the 25 students tested for student change status, 15 student status changes were not submitted within the required time frame, and 4 students were not properly reported as graduated or withdrawn.

**Cause and Effect** - The University did not have a process in place in order to ensure timely and proper reporting for all student status changes. As a result, there were instances of reporting outside of the required time frame and instances where reporting was incorrect.

**Recommendation** - We recommend that the University put a control process in place in order to ensure all student status changes are reported timely and accurately.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions - Prior to an enrollment report being uploaded to the National Student Clearinghouse, the Recalculate Academic Record process in our student information system, currently J1, will be run to identify any student registration records that may be stuck in a current status due to a mixed "Repeat" status. Those records will be corrected as needed.

The office underwent major staffing changes, which caused a delay in submitting reports in a timelier manner. The staffing issues have been resolved, and reports are uploaded on the scheduled submission date.

Year Ended June 30, 2022

# **Section III - Federal Program Audit Findings (Continued)**

Reference Number	Finding
2022-003	Assistance Listing Number, Federal Agency, and Program Name - ALN No. 84.425F; Department of Education; Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund Institutional Portion
	Federal Award Identification Number and Year - N/A
	Pass-through Entity - N/A
	Finding Type - Significant deficiency
	Repeat Finding - No

**Criteria** - Per the grant award and frequently asked questions provided by the Department of Education, the Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund Institutional Portion grant was required to be used for activities to "prevent, prepare for, and respond to the coronavirus." Further, the Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund III frequently asked questions guidance released by the Department of Education provides that institutions may use grant funds "to pay for certain payroll costs, including employee benefits, if (1) such costs are newly associated with coronavirus and (2) the costs were incurred on or after March 13, 2020, the date of the declaration of the national emergency due to the coronavirus."

**Condition** - The University charged unallowable payroll expenditures to the grant, as they were for payroll costs and related employee benefits that were not for costs newly associated with the coronavirus or to prevent, prepare for, or respond to the coronavirus.

### **Questioned Costs - None**

### Identification of How Questioned Costs Were Computed - N/A

**Context** - Of the 50 expenditures selected for testing of activities allowed or unallowed, 1 expenditure for faculty payroll was noted that was not allowable, as it was not newly associated with the coronavirus.

The expenditure was allowable through the summer 2021 term, as the faculty role had been hired to provide for decreased class sizes due to the coronavirus. However, beginning with the fall 2021 term, decreased class sizes were no longer required by the University, but the University continued to charge the faculty member's salary to the grant.

Total unallowed costs related to this issue were \$40,232. However, after including allowable lost revenue of approximately \$4.2 million, total expenditures incurred by the University exceeded the total grant award by approximately \$2.7 million. As such, these unallowed costs are not questioned costs, as allowable lost revenue would be able to be claimed by the University to replace the unallowed costs.

**Cause and Effect** - The University did not have a fully operating process in place to ensure that periodic costs charged to the grant continued to be for activities to prevent, prepare for, and respond to the coronavirus.

**Recommendation** - We recommend that the University put a control process in place to ensure that all ongoing payroll costs charged to the grant are for costs associated with the coronavirus.



# Shawnee State University 10/12/2022

# **Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings**

# **Prior Year Finding Number:**

2021-001

# Fiscal Year in Which the Finding Initially Occurred:

Year ended June 30, 2021

# Federal Program, Assistance Listing Number and Name:

ALN Nos. 84.425E and 84.425F; Department of Education; COVID-19 - Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund Student Portion and COVID-19 - Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund Institutional Portion

# **Original Finding Description:**

The University did not complete all required quarterly public reporting for the Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund student portion or institutional portion awards as required during the year ended June 30, 2021.

# Status/Partial Corrective Action (as applicable):

Fully corrected

# **Planned Corrective Action:**

N/A

# **Prior Year Finding Number:**

2021-002

# Fiscal Year in Which the Finding Initially Occurred:

Year ended June 30, 2021

# Federal Program, Assistance Listing Number and Name:

ALN Nos. 84.425F; Department of Education; COVID-19 - Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund Institutional Portion

# **Original Finding Description:**

The University charged unallowable expenditures and lost revenue to the grant, as they were for activities previously charged to the grant or not calculated properly.

# Status/Partial Corrective Action (as applicable):

Shawnee State University has provided additional information to the Department of Education (Mr. Richard Esterbrook) requesting a review of the Finding and determination of the disposition of the item. Due to the heavy load of COVID -19 Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund findings being reviewed by the Department of Education, review of finding 021-002 has not yet been completed. The University will comply with the decision made by the Department of Education once it has been received. No similar expenditures were charged to the grant in 2022.

# **Planned Corrective Action:**

N/A

# **Prior Year Finding Number:**

2021-003

# Fiscal Year in Which the Finding Initially Occurred:

Year ended June 30, 2021

# Federal Program, Assistance Listing Number and Name:

ALN Nos. 84.063 and 84.268; Department of Education; Federal Pell Grant Program and Federal Direct Loan Program.

# **Original Finding Description:**

The University did not return Title IV funds to the Department of Education within the required time frame for certain students who required a return of funds.

# Status/Partial Corrective Action (as applicable):

Not corrected, see finding re-issued as finding 2022-001

# **Planned Corrective Action:**

Upon notification of Finding No. 2021-003, a new R2T4 process was created for the Spring 2022 academic term. This process consists of a new report created to identify students who withdrew from all courses during each academic term. Once the R2T4 calculation is completed, the aid adjustment is made in the financial aid system and posted to the student's account the same day. The aid amounts are manually adjusted in COD.

All errors related to finding No. 2022-001 are from Summer 2021 academic term and the Fall 2021 academic term. There were no errors in the audit sample for Spring 2022. The new process continues to be in place.



# Shawnee State University 10/12/2022

# **Corrective Action Plan**

Finding Number: 2022-001

Condition: The University did not return title IV funds to the Department of Education within the required time frame for certain students who required a return of funds and did not identify all students initially that required a return of title IV.

### **Planned Corrective Action:**

Upon notification of Finding No. 2021-003, a new R2T4 process was created for the Spring 2022 academic term. This process consists of a new report created to identify students who withdrew from all courses during each academic term. Once the R2T4 calculation is completed, the aid adjustment is made in the financial aid system and posted to the student's account the same day. The aid amounts are manually adjusted in COD.

All errors related to finding No. 2022-001 are from Summer 2021 academic term and the Fall 2021 academic term. There were no errors in the audit sample for Spring 2022. The new process continues to be in place.

Contact person responsible for corrective action: Nicole Neal

**Anticipated Completion Date: 10/6/2022** 

Finding Number: 2022-002

**Condition:** Shawnee State University did not report student status changes timely and accurately for certain students who graduated or withdrew during the year.

### **Planned Corrective Action:**

Prior to an enrollment report being uploaded to the National Student Clearinghouse, the Recalculate Academic Record process in our student information system, currently J1, will be ran to identify any student registration records that may be stuck in a current status due to a mixed Repeat status. Those records will be corrected as needed.

The office underwent major staffing changes, which caused a delay in submitting reports in a timelier manner. The staffing issues have been resolved and reports are uploaded on the scheduled submission date.

**Contact person responsible for corrective action**: Tamara Sheets

**Anticipated Completion Date: 10/6/2022** 

Finding Number: 2022-003

**Condition:** The University charged unallowable payroll expenditures to the grant as they were for payroll costs and related employee benefits that were not for costs newly associated with coronavirus or to prevent, prepare for, or respond to coronavirus.

**Planned Corrective Action:** Shawnee State University has discontinued charging salaries to the HEERF award. Any potential new salaries or payments for services will be reviewed and evaluated by the Program Director to certify that the expenses are costs newly associated with coronavirus or to prevent, prepare for, or respond to coronavirus.

Contact person responsible for corrective action: Greg A. Ballengee, Controller

**Anticipated Completion Date: 10/6/2022** 

# Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2022

# **Section III - Federal Program Audit Findings (Continued)**

Reference Number	Finding
2022-003 (cont.)	Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions - Shawnee State University has discontinued charging salaries to the HEERF award. Any potential new salaries or payments for services will be reviewed and evaluated by the program director to certify that the expenses are costs newly associated with the coronavirus or to prevent, prepare for, or respond to the coronavirus.





# **SHAWNEE STATE UNIVERSITY**

# **SCIOTO COUNTY**

### **AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 11/10/2022

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370